

Final Engineer's Report

Judicial Ditch No. 15
Lateral V, Branch C
Improvement
24X.136322.000

Buffalo Creek Watershed District
Renville County, Minnesota
December 2025



Real People. Real Solutions.

Submitted by:

Bolton & Menk, Inc.
1243 Cedar Street NE
Sleepy Eye, MN 56085
P: 507-810-4184

Certification

Final Engineer's Report

For

Judicial Ditch No. 15 Lateral V, Branch C Improvement

In

Buffalo Creek Watershed District
Renville County, Minnesota

24X.136322.000
December 2025

PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER

I hereby certify that this plan, specification, or report was prepared by me or under my direct supervision, and that I am a duly Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the State of Minnesota.

Signature: 
Typed or Printed Name: Shaun P. Luker
Date: 12-9-2025 License Number: 48756

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STATE OF MINNESOTA

RENVILLE COUNTY

IN THE MATTER OF THE PETITION FOR IMPROVEMENT OF JUDICIAL DITCH NO. 15 IN RENVILLE COUNTY, MINNESOTA:

In November 2024, the Buffalo Creek Watershed District, acting as the Drainage Authority for Judicial Ditch No 15 Lateral V Branch C (JD 15 Lat V Br C) in Renville County, in accordance with Minnesota Statute 103E.215, accepted a petition for the Improvement of portions of JD 15. Subsequently after that authorization, field surveys were performed to obtain elevations and establish an alignment for the proposed open ditch and culvert crossing improvements, as well as to evaluate the outlet for the system.

In August 2025, the Drainage Authority held a preliminary hearing and found that the proposed project meets the requirements for an Improvement and they ordered the preparation of this Final Engineer's Report. The Board appointed Viewers to determine the benefits and damages for the system.

This Preliminary Engineer's Report summarizes the findings of the research, surveys, and analysis for the Improvement and is submitted for consideration by the Ditch Authority.

I. LOCATION AND SCOPE OF THE IMPROVEMENT

JD 15 Lat V Br C lies within and provides drainage to a watershed in the north-east portion of Renville County. The proposed project location lies within Section 25 and Section 36 of Preston Lake Township. The system consists of 3,700 linear feet of drainage tile. The outlet for JD 15 Lat V Br C is JD 15 Lateral V Open Ditch in section 25 of Preston Lake Township in Renville County. The project is located about 5.1 miles east of Buffalo Lake, Minnesota. The total estimated watershed for the system based on Lidar contour data, is 250 acres.

The proposed project for JD 15 Lat V Br C includes the construction of drainage pipe. Exhibit 1 shows the general location of JD 15 Lateral V and the proposed project.

Field survey information was collected by Bolton & Menk, Inc. in February of 2025. The survey included GPS locations and elevations for the outlet of the tile and for private and public intakes on the system. The tile system design utilizes Lidar data, provided by the Minnesota Department of Natural Resources. This data, obtained from an aerial flight, results in contours of equal elevation at 2' vertical intervals.

II. EXISTING DITCH SYSTEM

Public records regarding JD 15 Lat V Br C were reviewed from Renville County and Buffalo Creek Watershed.

JD 15 was petitioned for establishment on June 26, 1916. Construction was completed on August 1, 1921.

The benefits for JD 15 were recently redetermined. Current benefits for the JD 15 system are \$78,151,901.40.

III. CONDITION OF THE EXISTING DRAINAGE SYSTEM

Through the field survey it was found that blowouts in the existing tile line are occurring near the outlet. These blowouts show that the tile system is inefficient for current weather and rainfall patterns. The petitioners have requested the ditch improvements due to these insufficiencies. The portion of the JD 15 Lateral V system proposed to be improved consists of underground tiles.

Table 1 below shows the existing capacity for the JD 15 Lat V Br C Tiles proposed to be improved. As a way of evaluating the capacity of the existing system using standard engineering methods. The capacity of the existing tile has been estimated using the Mannings equation, assuming the original hydraulic efficiency of the system as constructed and subsequently improved. Estimated tile sizes and grades are based on the field data collected through tile intakes, blowouts, and general surface profile. The amount of drainage which is needed for modern crop production has been compared to the 3/8 of an inch of runoff per day standards that is recommended by Buffalo Creek Watershed District (BCWD). The watershed areas have been estimated using DNR Lidar maps.

Table 1: Existing System Capacity						
Tile	Location	Drainage Area (Acres)	Existing Tile Size (Inches)	Existing Grade (%)	Calculated Capacity (CFS) n=0.013	Calculated Coefficient (In. Per Day)
Br C	EOP to 590-Ft south of 790th Ave	210	10	0.40	1.39	0.16
Br C	590-Ft south of 790th Ave to Open Ditch	303	12	0.53	2.60	0.20

As can be seen from Table 1 above, the system is unable to drain the watershed even if it was in good repair. When compared to the BCWD recommended standard of 3/8" per day, the tile main systems are only delivering about 54% of the recommended flow, based on the estimated tile sizes and grades. Therefore, there is inadequate capacity in the existing drainage system to provide for the efficient production of row crops. The result of this insufficient capacity is extended ponding in the low areas of the watershed and inadequate drainage of the tile lines which drain into the ditch system, thus resulting in crop stress and crop loss.

IV. DISCUSSION OF THE IMPROVEMENT

The petitioners for the improvement of JD 15 Lat V Br C have requested consideration for the construction of an improved tile system to increase the capacity to provide an adequate outlet. As noted earlier, the proposed construction would consist of a drain tile reconstruction and improvement. A preliminary survey and hydrologic and hydraulic analysis of such a drainage system was performed to establish preliminary grades and depths for the tile system. They were also used to determine quantities for construction of such a system, to determine the size of proposed tile lines and analyze the outlet. General observations and results of the analysis are summarized as follows:

A. DESCRIPTION

As shown in Exhibit 1, the proposed Improvement consists of 10-inch to 18-inch diameter tile to replace the function of the existing JD 15 Lat V Br C tile from the outlet to the upper end. The township road crossing would be made by open trench methods, and the road

surface restored with class 5 gravel. The new tile will be constructed at a lower elevation, where possible, than the existing tile in order to allow all existing tiles to be connected to the new tile to accommodate adequate drainage, to accommodate current farming practices and to provide more ground cover over the new tile to reduce the probability of crushing.

The proposed tile will end within parcel 22-00730-00 instead of continuing to JD 15 Lateral V open ditch as shown in Exhibit 1. This is due to the existing ground not being deep enough for standard drain tile installation processes. As part of the project, the wetland located on parcel 22-00730-00 will receive an upgraded outlet control structure (OCS). The improvements will consist of installing two culverts and raising the existing ditch banks by approximately 2-feet. The wetland will serve as the outlet and buffer for the tile system after construction.

B. DESIGN DATA – TILE IMPROVEMENT

The proposed drain tile Improvement is shown in Exhibit 1. The type of pipe to be used for construction will be bid with a contractor option as follows:

1. Dual Wall or Triple Wall Polypropylene Drain Tile meeting the requirements of the American Society for Testing Materials F2376. Pipe will be bedded in granular foundation rock.
2. Dual Wall Polyethylene Drain Tile meeting the requirements of the American Society for Testing Materials F 2648. Pipe will be bedded in granular foundation rock as shown on Exhibit 1. Non-perforated pipe will be used. The perforated pipe will include a drain tile sock or micro perforations/slots to avoid granular infiltration into the pipe. An option would be provided for the contractor to shape the bottom of the trench to conform to the pipe and eliminate some of the granular bedding if the pipe manufacturer would warrant the material installation.
3. Reinforced concrete pipe meeting the requirements of MnDOT Specification 2501, with the joints being covered with geotextile fabric or gasketed.

As can be seen in Table 2, the tile capacity for the Improvement System reflects a drainage coefficient of 0.375-inches/day. This is within the recommended drainage capacity from the Buffalo Creek Watershed District of 3/8-inches/day.

Table 2: Improvement System Capacity

Tile	Location	Drainage Area (Acres)	Tile Size (Inches)	Tile Grade (%)	Calculated Capacity (CFS) n=0.012	Calculated Coefficient (In. Per Day)
Br C	EOP to 970-Ft south of 790th Ave	44	10	0.50	1.68	0.91
Br C	970-Ft to 590-Ft south of 790th Ave	210	18	0.10	3.61	0.41
Br C	590-Ft south to 970-Ft north of 790th Ave	250	18	0.12	3.95	0.38

Also included, as part of the project, will be provisions to strip and replace the topsoil on the trench area, to provide rip rap as erosion protection at the outlet, and to construct several intakes on the system. Note that the drainage area in Table 2 is less than the drainage area shown in Table 1. This is due to the tile being proposed to outlet into the existing wetland in the low area of the system. Having the outlet upstream of the wetland allows for additional

treatment of tile water prior to discharge. It also allows for utilization of the existing wetland.

C. DESIGN DATA – OUTLET CONTROL STRUCTURE

In coordination with the Board of Soil and Water Conservation (BWSR) has shown that a dual culverts with a riprap weir meets standard design requirements for these facilities as shown in Exhibit 6.

The lower culvert will be installed to allow the wetland to drain fully in dry periods without changing its status or type. A riprap weir will protect the inlet, prevent clogging, and enable the culvert to be set 1 foot below existing ground for greater head pressure.

The higher culvert is placed such that the wetland can retain a 2-year storm event without overtopping the ditch banks.

A written Flowage Easement and land usage agreement will be required for parcel 22-00730-00 to ensure that the outlet control structure will not negatively impact current land usage. As a part of this easement acquisition we recommend that language be provided such that the Drainage Authority retains the right to repair the outlet. To repair this outlet we recommend language that includes an access route (buffer strip or a direct route from the proposed tile outlet to the outlet control structure), and a maintenance easement that is a 20-foot offset from BWSR project limits (Exhibit 6) to allow for equipment to access and repair the site.

D. TILE SYSTEM DEPTH

Exhibit 1 shows profile views for the proposed tile system. The minimum and maximum depths of cut to the flow line of the pipes are shown on Table 3.

Table 3: Change in Outlet Capacity		
Tile Branch	Minimum Depth	Maximum Depth
BR C	5.5'	13.0'

V. ALTERNATE SOLUTIONS

A. “DO NOTHING ALTERNATIVE”

The “Do Nothing” Alternative has been discussed. However, the petitioners have experienced poor drainage throughout the drainage system for many years with the excess surface water damaging crops and resulting in frequent crop stress or crop loss. This loss of production equates to an economic loss for Renville County and the State of Minnesota. The loss results in a reduced property value for the wet acres, thus affecting the taxing capacity of the County and State. In addition, the ability of the landowners to receive a reasonable return on their investment is diminished because of this inadequate drainage.

For these reasons, the “Do Nothing” alternative has been dismissed. The economic question of the cost of the Improvement versus the benefits derived still needs to be evaluated. However, the “Do Nothing” alternative is not viewed as solving the drainage problem in the watershed.

B. REPAIR

Separable Maintenance for this project is estimated at \$226,591. A repair would only work as well as was discussed in Section III of this report. Repairing the system to as constructed system would not account for changing rainfall patterns or for additional waters being discharged into the system. Current design standards by Buffalo Creek Watershed District recommends a drainage coefficient of 3/8 inch/day. From Section III the current tile is approximately 54% efficient for a 3/8 inch/day coefficient. Therefore, we do not recommend a repair option when there are willing landowners for an improvement.

C. IMPROVEMENT WITHOUT STORAGE

Alternatively, to discharge onto the existing Riparian Wetland the tile could run underneath the wetland and discharge directly into JD 15 Lat V. The cost to tile through the wetland is approximately \$70,000. The tile would either need to be gasketed Reinforced Concrete Pipe or PVC pipe due to the depth requirements. Additional gasket requirements are to prevent root growth through the tile network.

A 24-inch tile running through the wetland would result in a higher discharge rate. It would also result in additional pollutants being discharged into JD 15 Lat V. Therefore, due to the additional discharge and pollutant load we do not recommend this alternative.

D. WASCOB CONSTRUCTION

A standard water quality and storage feature for rural drainage projects is Water and Sediment Control Basin. They can be used to store water in areas that would not normally store water, reducing overall peak flows.

However, for this project they are not currently feasible. Areas within the project boundary that would be adaptable, already store water in excess of 48 hours for the 10-year event. This makes these locations unsuitable for additional storage due to a high risk of crop damages during large rainfall events.

Areas that could be feasible for WASCOB construction are located in the southwest of the watershed. However, additional tile would be required to drain these locations. Additional tile not currently included in the JD 15 Lat V Br C alignment would be outside of the scope of the current petition.

E. WETLAND RESTORATION

Another alternative would be to restore the typically flooded areas of the watershed to wetland use. This alternative would provide storage in the watershed depressional areas for the water that is currently accumulating in these areas and drowning out agricultural crops. The proposal would also have added benefits for wildlife and possibly water quality.

To be effective, this alternative would need to restore sufficient acres to wetland use so that the existing ditch system could convey the excess runoff. Utilizing NRCS data, about 12 acre feet of water cannot be discharged from the JD 15 watershed through the existing drainage systems in a 48-hour period for a 5-year rain event. If sufficient wetland acres were available to store this runoff at a depth of one foot, approximately 12 acres of wetland restoration would be needed to provide sufficient storage capacity for the excess runoff.

To convert the 12 acres to wetlands, at least twice this many acres would need to be acquired for irregular wetland shapes and marginal damp soils. Thus, about 24 acres of land would be needed. This acquisition would likely involve several properties, whose owners would voluntarily need to agree to the reversion. The estimated cost of acquisition plus

reconstructing tile lines for wetland restoration would likely be about \$18,000 per acre, resulting in a total cost of about \$432,000. Wetland restoration is about 1.7 times the estimated cost for the Improvement.

Wetland restoration remains a viable option for providing some improvement in the functioning of the drainage system. If sufficient acres of wetlands could be restored, particularly in the upper part of the watershed, it could reduce the need for as large of an outlet as is proposed. Finding willing landowners to participate in a restoration project and locating sufficient funding would be critical in order to make this option viable. Copies of this Report will be provided to the SWCD and NRCS so that early coordination can occur for potential funding and technical assistance toward this option.

VI. OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

A. PERMIT REQUIREMENTS

A permit from the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency for stormwater and erosion control for the project would be necessary. This permit requirement, which applies to any construction which disturbs more than one acre of land, requires that the contractor and owner secure a permit for the repair. The permit process will also require erosion control measures to be taken during construction. Typical erosion control measures include placing of riprap and grass stabilization of the ditch bank and inlet protection around installed inlet areas. The fee for this permit is currently \$400.00. This permit will be applied for shortly before construction is scheduled so the contractor can sign the permit application.

B. WETLANDS

National Wetland Inventory (NWI) Maps have been reviewed to locate potential wetlands subject to regulations. One wetland is shown on the NWI maps near the Improvement alignment. The wetland is located at the outlet of the Branch C system. If wetlands are identified all piping running directly through must be nonperforated. Along with this all intakes that are within the wetland can be reinstalled at the same nominal size.

Impacts of the potential drainage system on individual land parcels will be evaluated by the Natural Resources Conservation Service upon filing of a Form AD 1026 by landowners. This NRCS process will identify any wetlands and measures which need to be taken in order for the drainage project to avoid impact to these wetlands. Because of federal data privacy requirements, it is not possible for non-landowners to obtain this information. Thus, the obligation for filling out these forms and doing this investigation will rest with individual landowners.

Drainage of non-directly impacted wetlands will be controlled by supplemental drainage systems installed by private owners. Owners are advised that such supplemental drainage may not be permitted under State Wetland Conservation Act, US Army Corps of Engineers and NRCS rules and may affect US Department of Agriculture program eligibility.

C. PUBLIC AND PRIVATE BENEFITS AND COSTS

The estimated cost of the proposed Improvement to JD 15 Lat V Br C is shown in Exhibit 3 of this report. Benefits for the Improvement, both public and private, will be established by the viewers and a report will be available at the final hearing.

Landowners certainly have other costs associated with construction and maintenance of

their individual drainage systems. The proposed Improvement would only serve as an outlet or collector of runoff and drainage flow from the lands within the watershed. Each landowner is responsible to construct and maintain their own drainage system in order to adequately drain their farmlands. Individual benefits for an adequate drainage system are in increased crop production from farmlands.

The estimated cost of the proposed Improvement is included in this report. The public and private benefits and damages will be available at the final hearing.

D. AGRICULTURAL EFFECTS

Once installed, the lands within the improved watershed will be largely dependent on this drainage system for both surface and subsurface drainage flows. Thus it is imperative that the proposed system have adequate capacity in order to allow for modern farming operations.

It should be noted that many of the established ditch systems in Minnesota are now 70 to 100 years old. These systems are approaching the need for complete repair or replacement if the farmland is to remain productive. When feasible, it is economically imperative that these drainage systems be improved to become compatible with present day farming techniques and they be continually maintained. If properly maintained during normal growing seasons, portions of the agricultural lands in the watershed are some of the most productive in the State of Minnesota.

E. ALTERNATIVE MEASURES

Alternative measures, including those identified in the Renville County Water Management Plan and the strategies in the Buffalo Creek Watershed District Water Management Plan, have been considered in conjunction with this project. Specific proposals as part of the project to incorporate these measures include:

1. Measures to conserve, allocate and use drainage waters include the use of non-perforated tiles for the deeper installations so that groundwater is preserved for crop use and the continued infiltration which will occur in depressional areas of the watershed.
2. Measures to reduce downstream peak flows and flooding include the use of hickenbottom risers on intakes which limit the flow capacity of tile intakes, limiting the capacity of the proposed tiles to the minimum recommended standard of the Buffalo Creek Watershed District to limit downstream flows, and construction of the proposed water and sediment control basin.
3. Measures to provide adequate drainage system capacity are being accomplished by designing the size of the tile system to meet the recommended standards of the Buffalo Creek Watershed District.
4. Measures to reduce erosion and sedimentation include the use of hickenbottom risers on the tile intakes which result in reduced discharge of suspended solids, the restoration of the tile trench as soon as possible so that surface erosion of the disturbed soil is reduced, the use of inlet protection during the construction so that the discharge of suspended solids is reduced and the use of a rock filter at the outlet during construction so that suspended solids are captured. Straw mulch will also be utilized to temporarily stabilize the disturbed areas until they can be turned back over

to agricultural production.

F. FISH AND WILDLIFE

The threatened or endangered species having the potential to be in Renville County at the time of this report are the northern long-eared bat, and the prairie bush clover. According to the Minnesota DNR, there are no known northern long-eared bat roost trees or hibernacula in Renville County. Additionally, there are no trees to be removed as a part of the improvement, so there is no anticipated impact to the northern long-eared bat. The prairie bush clover is found within native prairie on well drained soils. The project will take place within agricultural fields, so no impact to the prairie bush clover is anticipated. Bald eagles are present in Renville County, and are protected under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act. Again, there are no trees to be removed as a part of the improvement, so likely impact of bald eagles is low. Roosting behavior will be analyzed near the proposed outlet where there is a patch of trees.

Field investigation has revealed that the only permanent wildlife habitat in the area of the Improvement is along the road ditches and building sites. These areas will not be impacted by the improvement.

Current wet areas within the project watershed do provide for transitory stop over locations for migratory waterfowl. However, these areas currently dry up following wet periods and are then under cultivation and production. It is anticipated that some of these temporary ponding areas will still exist after the construction of the Improvement although ponding times will likely be reduced. Therefore, the provisions for adequate drainage of these lands will not be of a detrimental nature to local wildlife resources.

G. GROUNDWATER

The purpose of an agricultural drainage system is to maintain the elevation of the shallow groundwater table sufficiently below the surface to provide for efficient production of crops. The level at which the groundwater will be maintained has been and will be determined by the depth of the tile system and private tiles in the area. Although the proposed Improvement is somewhat deeper than the existing tiles in the areas, the depth increase is not significant or unusual for drainage systems. Additionally, tiles that have a depth of 6 feet or greater to the invert of the pipe will be non-perforated. Therefore, no change in the availability, distribution or use of the shallow groundwater beyond that necessary for the sufficient production of crops within the watershed is anticipated by this construction.

H. ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT

The adverse effects of the proposed Improvement are of a temporary nature and are listed as follows:

1. Disturbing the ground surface during construction could result in the loss of one crop within the construction limits.
2. The restored trench area will be less productive for the first few years following construction and will require more fertilizer to be as productive as the undisturbed adjoining farmland. The topsoil in this area will be removed and replaced in an effort to maintain the soil productivity.
3. Temporary noise and dust generation can be expected from the construction

operations. These impacts are not viewed as significant since there are few residences near the proposed construction route.

4. Temporary erosion of soil may occur in the construction area until permanent ground cover and ground stabilization occurs. Although these effects need to be considered, they are probably not significantly different than the current topsoil loss that occurs annually from erosion of topsoil due to overland flow in the watershed. This construction erosion will be minimized using inlet protection, riprap and rapid establishment of permanent grass cover.

Numerous beneficial effects are anticipated from the proposed Improvement. Most of these benefits are directly attributable to increased crop production from lands presently damaged through period flooding and ponding. Among the most obvious benefits are:

1. Increased personal farm income.
2. Increased value of benefited farmland.
3. Contribution to the local economy through additional purchases, farm modernization and expansion.

I. LAND USE

The present use of the land in the JD 15 Lateral V Branch C watershed is largely agricultural. It is expected that the land will continue to be used for agricultural purposes in the future.

J. GUIDANCE TO VIEWERS REGARDING IMPROVEMENT BENEFITS

Discussions with the landowners in the JD 15 Lat V Br C system has provided evidence of the condition of the existing tile systems. Previous repairs on the tile have shown that the existing tile is badly deteriorated. In addition, years of use and settlement of sections of the tile have reduced the hydraulic capacity of the tile. Even if JD 15 Lat V Br C had not been petitioned for improvement, a repair is warranted.

Another way to describe this is related to the benefit of avoiding inevitable repair/reconstruction costs on the ditch. Since repair of the system, as required by Minnesota Statue 103E.705, would otherwise be paid for by the entire drainage system in order to restore the system to its as-constructed, and subsequently improved, hydraulic efficiency, the cost of repair may be used to offset a portion of the improvement cost. Thus, the cost of the new tiles may be added as benefit since it avoids costs otherwise required to repair the system. With this information, it is the intent of the Improvement to replace the existing tile. Thus, a portion of the cost of the new JD 15 Lat V Br C tiles should be allocated as a Repair cost. The application of this principal is known as Separable Benefits under the ditch statutes.

The amount of the Improvement which can be allocated to Separable Benefits is shown in Exhibit 3 as \$226,591. It is recommended that the Board apply these Separable Benefits to the Improvement in the further ditch proceedings.

VII. ADEQUACY OF THE OUTLET

A. GENERAL INFORMATION

As mentioned earlier, the outlet for Branch LAT V BR C is into the open ditch of JD 15 in Section 25 of Preston Lake Township. The Main open ditch of JD 15 then becomes Buffalo Creek as it enters McLeod County.

B. ADEQUACY OF THE OUTLET

The change in discharge at the outlet was calculated using a HydroCAD model of the watershed. HydroCAD is a computer modeling software that computes runoff storm hydrograph using methodology developed by the NRCS. Peak flows computed in HydroCAD are typically higher than those from other models.

Tailwater conditions were calculated using a combination of Stream Stats with Mannings Equations and interpolating the results of Bridge 43538 Hydraulic Report. Bridge 43538 is located over Judicial Ditch 15 at the border of Renville and McLeod counties. Tailwater conditions are shown in the table below.

Table 4: Tailwater Elevation	
Storm Event	Existing Tailwater (ft)
2-year	1036.00
5-year	1037.40
10-year	1038.40
25-year	1039.40
50-year	1040.30
100-year	1041.20

The change in outlet capacity can be seen below.

Table 5: Change in Outlet Capacity			
Storm Event	Existing Discharge Rate (cfs)	Proposed Discharge Rate w/o OCS (cfs)	Proposed Discharge Rate with OCS (cfs)
2-year	4	9	1
5-year	4	9	9
10-year	4	10	10
25-year	6	12	10
50-year	16	18	10
100-year	50	52	52

As can be seen from the table above constructing an Outlet Control Structure (OCS) reduces peak flows at the outlet when compared to an improvement with a straight pipe to the ditch. The existing condition has a lower discharge rate for the 2-year through the 25-year events when compared to the proposed condition with the Outlet Control Structure. However, it is our opinion that these increases are minor when looking at the JD 15 system, as a whole. They also do not represent the quality of water being discharged into JD 15 Lat V. Therefore, it is our opinion that the outlet is adequate.

When comparing the alternative option (without an outlet control structure) the change in outlet capacity is less than 5 cubic feet per second for all events. An important note is that

for the 5-year through 100-year storm events the downstream waters control the system (tailwater is higher than headwater). Therefore, it is our opinion that with waters backing up onto the system during the larger events that the outlet is adequate.

VIII. ESTIMATE OF COST

The Improvement cost estimate to construct the proposed Improvement, as described in this report, is shown in Exhibit 2. The total estimated cost for the Improvement is \$249,206 that price includes the cost of administration and engineering fees.

Included in the estimate are the approximate 5.96 acres of agricultural land which will be temporarily taken out of production by construction. The individual landowners will be compensated for this loss through the damage process of further ditch proceedings.

IX. RECOMMENDATIONS

The proposed Improvement of JD 15 in Renville County, as described in this report, is feasible, practical and necessary to provide drainage for the cultivation of crops within the watershed area. The existing tile system is in need of an Improvement to provide proper drainage for current agricultural practices.

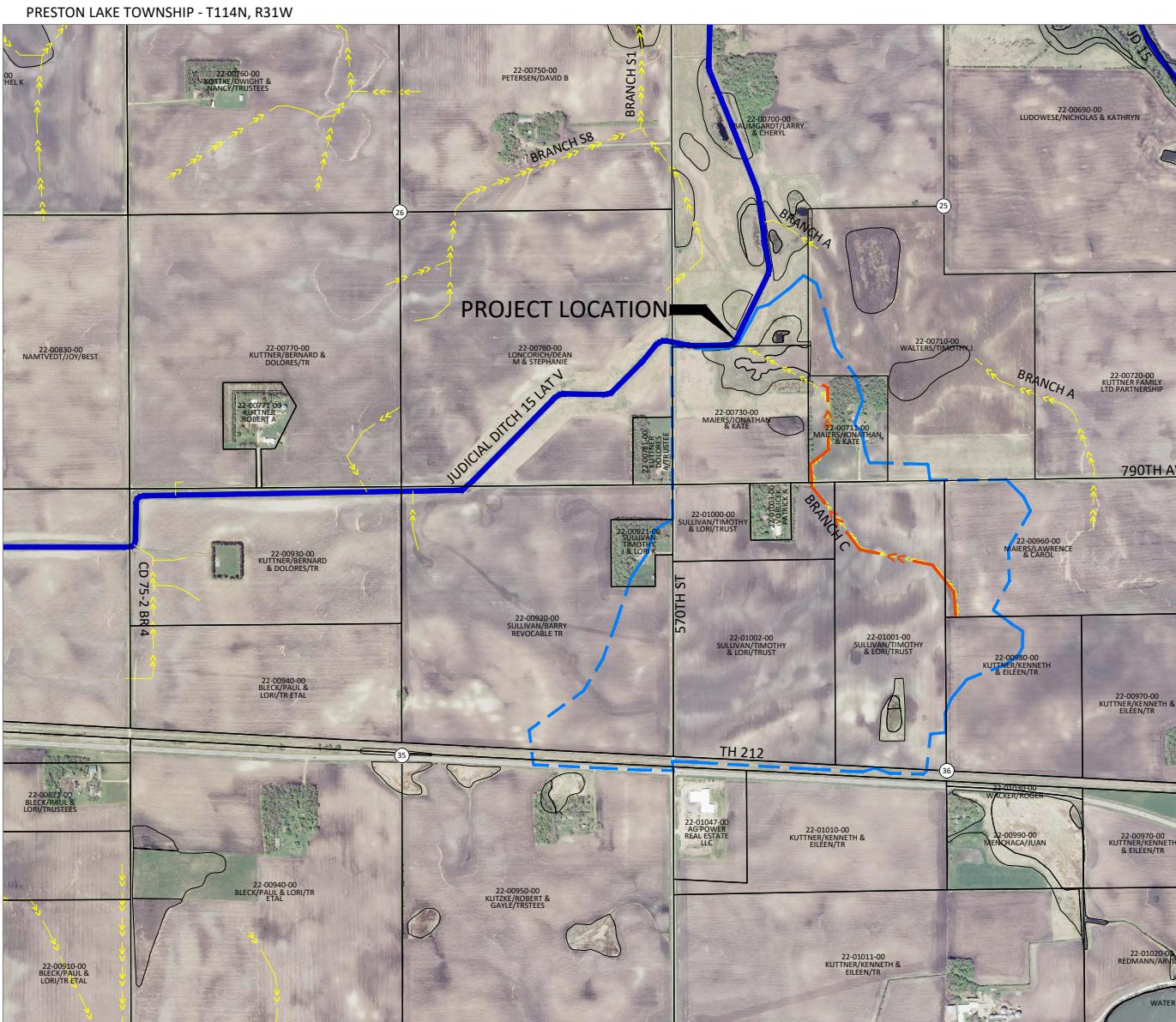
It is our recommendation to proceed with the Improvement as outlined in this report and that the Engineer's Final Engineer's Report be approved. If there are adequate funds, we recommend the Drainage Authority order the Improvement.

Exhibit 1: Preliminary Plans and Profiles

PRELIMINARY CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR
JUDICIAL DITCH No. 15, LATERAL V BRANCH "C" IMPROVEMENTS
 BUFFALO CREEK WATERSHED DISTRICT
 RENVILLE COUNTY, MINNESOTA

TITLE AND TILE INTAKE IMPROVEMENTS

OCTOBER, 2025



LEGEND

- WATERSHED BOUNDARY
- OPEN DITCH
- NWI WETLAND
- EXISTING TILE
- PROPOSED TILE

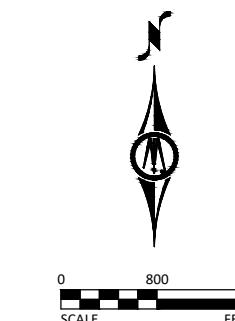
I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN, SPECIFICATION, OR REPORT WAS PREPARED
 UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF A REGISTERED AND AN ENRICHED
 PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER IN THE STATE OF MINNESOTA
 DATE: 10/07/2025
 SIGNATURE: LUKE J. BOLTON
 LIC. NO. 48756 DATE MM/DD/YYYY
PRELIMINARY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION



1243 CEDAR STREET NE
 SLEEPY EYE, MN 56085
 Phone: (507) 810-4184
 Email: SleepyEye@bolton-menk.com
 www.bolton-menk.com

SHEET NUMBER	SHEET TITLE
GENERAL	
G0.01 - G0.02	TITLE SHEET, LEGEND, GENERAL NOTES
CIVIL	
C1.01 - C1.02	DETAILS AND TYPICAL SECTIONS
C2.01 - C2.04	EROSION CONTROL PLAN, SWPPP
C5.01 - C5.02	JD 15 LATERAL BR C PLAN & PROFILE

THIS PLAN SET CONTAINS 10 SHEETS.



NOTE: EXISTING UTILITY INFORMATION SHOWN ON THIS PLAN HAS BEEN PROVIDED BY THE UTILITY OWNER. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD VERIFY EXACT LOCATIONS PRIOR TO COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION AS REQUIRED BY STATE LAW. NOTIFY GOPHER STATE ONE CALL, 1-800-252-1166 OR 651-454-0002.

THE SUBSURFACE UTILITY INFORMATION IN THIS PLAN IS UTILITY QUALITY LEVEL D UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. THIS UTILITY LEVEL WAS DETERMINED ACCORDING TO THE GUIDELINES OF CI/ASCE 38-22, ENTITLED "STANDARD GUIDELINE FOR INVESTIGATING AND DOCUMENTING EXISTING UTILITIES".

RECORD DRAWING INFORMATION		PROJECT DATUM: RENVILLE CO COORDINATES HORIZONTAL: RENVILLE CO - NAD83 (2011) VERTICAL: NAVD88 OBSERVER: CONTRACTOR: DATE:	
BM=1067.51			
ALUM ALLOY ROD			
RODEL GSID STATION #103537 2.05 MILES ALONG T.H. 212 FROM THE JUNCTION OF T.H. 212 & CO RD 7 IN STEWART			
BUFFALO CREEK WATERSHED DISTRICT		JUDICIAL DITCH NO. 15 LATERAL V BRANCH C IMPROVEMENT	
TITLE SHEET			

G0.01

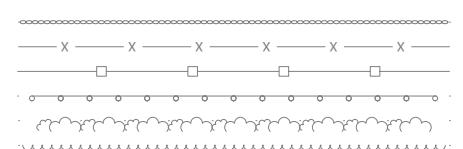
EXISTING TOPOGRAPHIC SYMBOLS

■ ACCESS GRATE	◎ REGULATION STATION GAS
AC AIR CONDITION UNIT	✗ SATELLITE DISH
Ⓐ ANTENNA	○ SIGN TRAFFIC
Ⓑ AUTO SPRINKLER CONNECTION	☒ SIGNAL CONTROL CABINET
─ BARRICADE PERMANENT	● SOIL BORING
○ BASKETBALL POST	● SIREN
─ BENCH	☒ TELEPHONE BOOTH
─ BIRD FEEDER	☒ TILE INLET
Ⓑ BOLLARD	☒ TILE OUTLET
○ BUSH	☒ TILE RISER
☒ CATCH BASIN RECTANGULAR CASTING	☒ TRANSFORMER-ELECTRIC
☒ CATCH BASIN CIRCULAR CASTING	● TREE-CONIFEROUS
○ CURB STOP	● TREE-DEAD
○ CLEAN OUT	● TREE-DECIDUOUS
○ CLVT CULVERT END	☒ TREE STUMP
Ⓐ DRINKING FOUNTAIN	☒ TRAFFIC ARM BARRIER
○ DOWN SPOUT	☒ TRAFFIC SIGNAL
☒ ELECTRIC CAR CHARGE STATION	☒ TRASH CAN
○ FILL PIPE	☒ UTILITY MARKER
○ FIRE HYDRANT	☒ VALVE
○ FLAG POLE	☒ VALVE POST INDICATOR
▷ FLARED END / APRON	☒ VALVE VAULT
□ FUEL PUMP	☒ VAULT
─ GRILL	☒ VENT PIPE
← GUY WIRE ANCHOR	☒ WATERSPIGOT
H HANDHOLE	○ WELL
♿ HANDICAP SPACE	△ WETLAND DELINEATED MARKER
☒ IRRIGATION SPRINKLER HEAD	▲ WETLAND
☒ IRRIGATION VALVE BOX	WW WET WELL
☒ LIFT STATION CONTROL PANEL	○ YARD HYDRANT
○ LIFT STATION	
○ LIGHT POLE	
─ MAILBOX	
○ MANHOLE-COMMUNICATION	
○ MANHOLE-ELECTRIC	
○ MANHOLE-GAS	
○ MANHOLE-HEAT	
○ MANHOLE-RECLAIMED WATER	
○ MANHOLE-SANITARY SEWER	
○ MANHOLE-STORM SEWER	
○ MANHOLE-UTILITY	
○ MANHOLE-WATER	
M METER	
☒ DRIVE-THRU MICROPHONE	
☒ PARKING METER	
☒ PAVEMENT MARKING	
☒ PEDESTAL-COMMUNICATION	
☒ PEDESTAL-ELECTRIC	
○ PEDESTRIAN PUSH BUTTON	
☒ PICNIC TABLE	
○ POLE-UTILITY	
○ POST	
☒ RAILROAD SIGNAL POLE	

SURVEY SYMBOLS

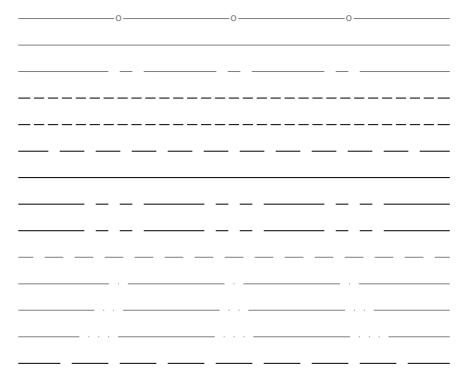
⊕ BENCHMARK LOCATION	◎ CAST IRON MONUMENT
◇ CONTROL POINT	■ STONE MONUMENT
● MONUMENT FOUND	

EXISTING TOPOGRAPHIC LINES



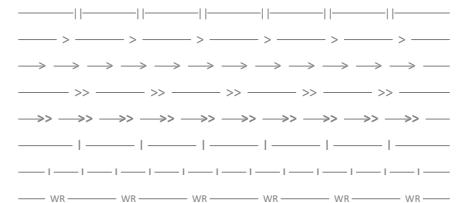
RETAINING WALL
FENCE
FENCE-DECORATIVE
GUARD RAIL
TREE LINE
BUSH LINE

SURVEY LINES



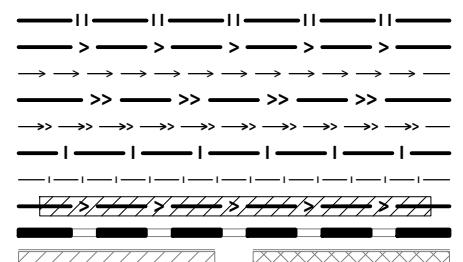
CONTROLLED ACCESS
BOUNDARY
CENTERLINE
EXISTING EASEMENT LINE
PROPOSED EASEMENT LINE
EXISTING LOT LINE
PROPOSED LOT LINE
EXISTING RIGHT-OF-WAY
PROPOSED RIGHT-OF-WAY
SETBACK LINE
SECTION LINE
QUARTER LINE
SIXTEENTH LINE
TEMPORARY EASEMENT

EXISTING UTILITY LINES



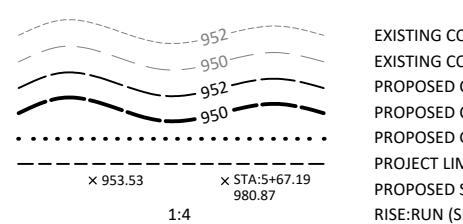
FORCEMAIN
SANITARY SEWER
SANITARY SERVICE
STORM SEWER
STORM SEWER DRAIN TILE
WATERMAIN
WATER SERVICE
RECLAIMED WATER

PROPOSED UTILITY LINES



FORCEMAIN
SANITARY SEWER
SANITARY SERVICE
STORM SEWER
STORM SEWER DRAIN TILE
WATERMAIN
WATER SERVICE
PIPE CASING
TRENCHLESS PIPE (PLAN VIEW)
TRENCHLESS PIPE (PROFILE VIEW)

GRADING INFORMATION



EXISTING CONTOUR MINOR
EXISTING CONTOUR MAJOR
PROPOSED CONTOUR MINOR
PROPOSED CONTOUR MAJOR
PROPOSED GRADING LIMITS / SLOPE LIMITS
PROJECT LIMITS
PROPOSED SPOT ELEVATION
RISE:RUN (SLOPE)

HATCH PATTERNS



BITUMINOUS

GRANULAR

CONCRETE

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN, SPECIFICATION, OR REPORT WAS PREPARED
BY BOLTON & MENK, INC. FOR THE USE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA
AND THAT IT HAS NOT BEEN APPROVED OR REVIEWED BY THE STATE OF MINNESOTA.
SIGNED: LUKE J. BOLTON
LIC. NO. 48756 DATE MM/DD/YYYY
PRELIMINARY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION



1243 CEDAR STREET NE
SLEEPY EYE, MN 56085
Phone: (507) 810-4184
Email: SleepyEye@bolton-menk.com
www.bolton-menk.com

EXISTING PRIVATE UTILITY LINES

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— F — F — F — F —	UNDERGROUND FIBER OPTIC
— E — E — E — E —	UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC
— G — G — G — G —	UNDERGROUND GAS
— C — C — C — C —	UNDERGROUND COMMUNICATION
— OE — OE — OE — OE —	OVERHEAD ELECTRIC
— OC — OC — OC — OC —	OVERHEAD COMMUNICATION
— OU — OU — OU — OU —	OVERHEAD UTILITY

UTILITIES IDENTIFIED WITH A QUALITY LEVEL :

LINE TYPES FOLLOW THE FORMAT: UTILITY TYPE - QUALITY LEVEL
EXAMPLE: — G-A — G-A — UNDERGROUND GAS, QUALITY LEVEL A
UTILITY QUALITY LEVEL (A,B,C,D) DEFINITIONS CAN BE FOUND IN CI/ASCE 38-22.

UTILITY QUALITY LEVELS:

QUALITY LEVEL D: PROVIDES THE MOST BASIC LEVEL OF INFORMATION. IT INVOLVES COLLECTING DATA FROM EXISTING UTILITY RECORDS. RECORDS MAY INCLUDE AS-BUILT DRAWINGS, DISTRIBUTION AND SERVICES MAPS, EXISTING GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEM DATABASES, CONSTRUCTION PLANS, ETC.

QUALITY LEVEL C: INVOLVES SURVEYING VISIBLE SUBSURFACE UTILITY STRUCTURES SUCH AS MANHOLES, HAND-HOLES, UTILITY VALVES AND METERS, FIRE HYDRANTS, PEDESTALS AND UTILITY MARKERS, AND THEN CORRELATING THE INFORMATION WITH EXISTING UTILITY RECORDS TO CREATE COMPOSITE DRAWINGS. INCLUDES QUALITY LEVEL D ACTIVITIES.

QUALITY LEVEL B: INVOLVES DESIGNATING THE HORIZONTAL POSITION OF SUBSURFACE UTILITIES THROUGH SURFACE DETECTION METHODS AND COLLECTING THE INFORMATION THROUGH A SURVEY METHOD. INCLUDES QUALITY LEVEL C AND D TASKS.

QUALITY LEVEL A: PROVIDES THE HIGHEST LEVEL OF ACCURACY. IT INVOLVES LOCATING OR POTHoling UTILITIES AS WELL AS ACTIVITIES IN QUALITY LEVELS B, C, AND D. THE LOCATED FACILITY INFORMATION IS SURVEYED AND MAPPED AND THE DATA PROVIDES PRECISE PLAN AND PROFILE INFORMATION.

ABBREVIATIONS

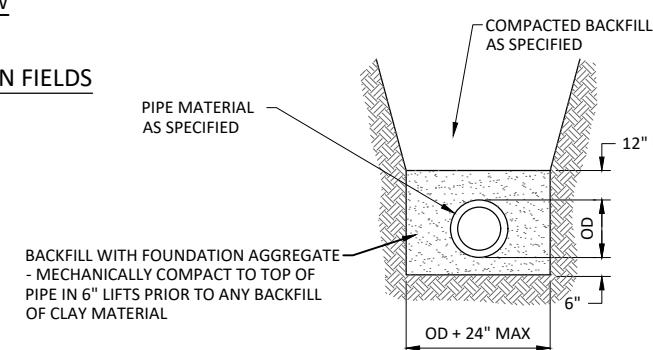
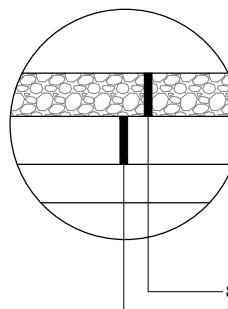
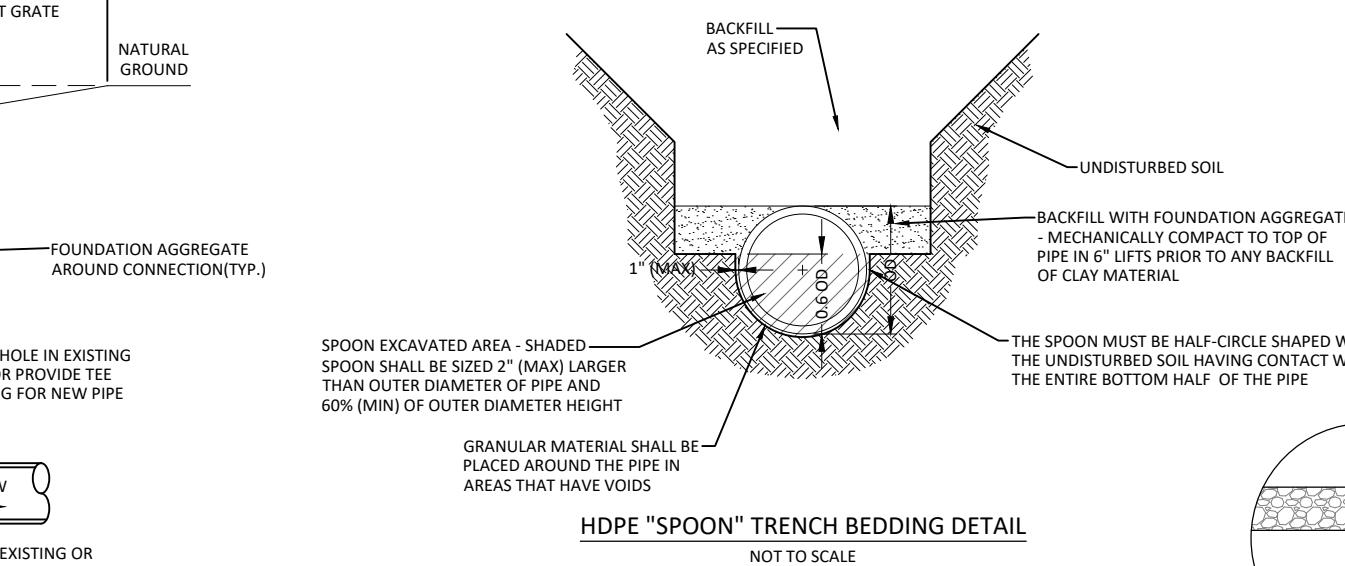
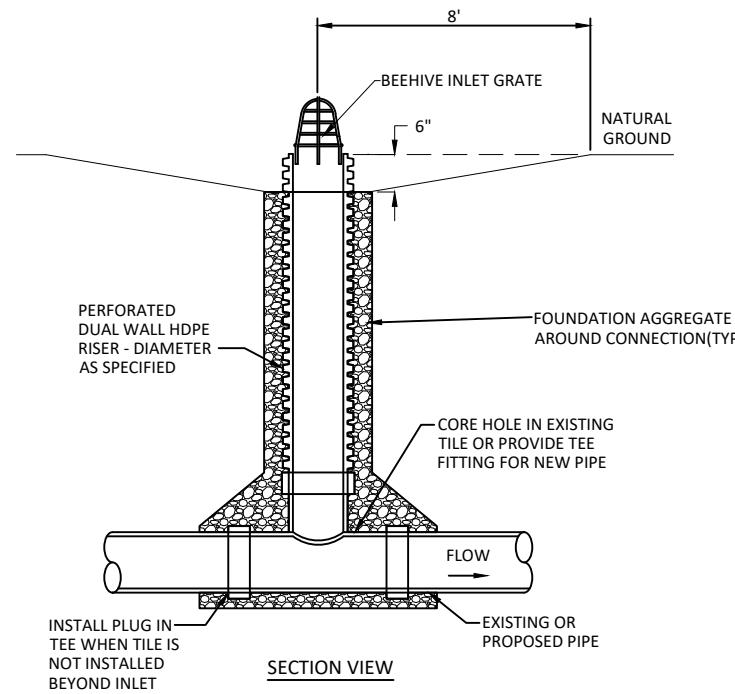
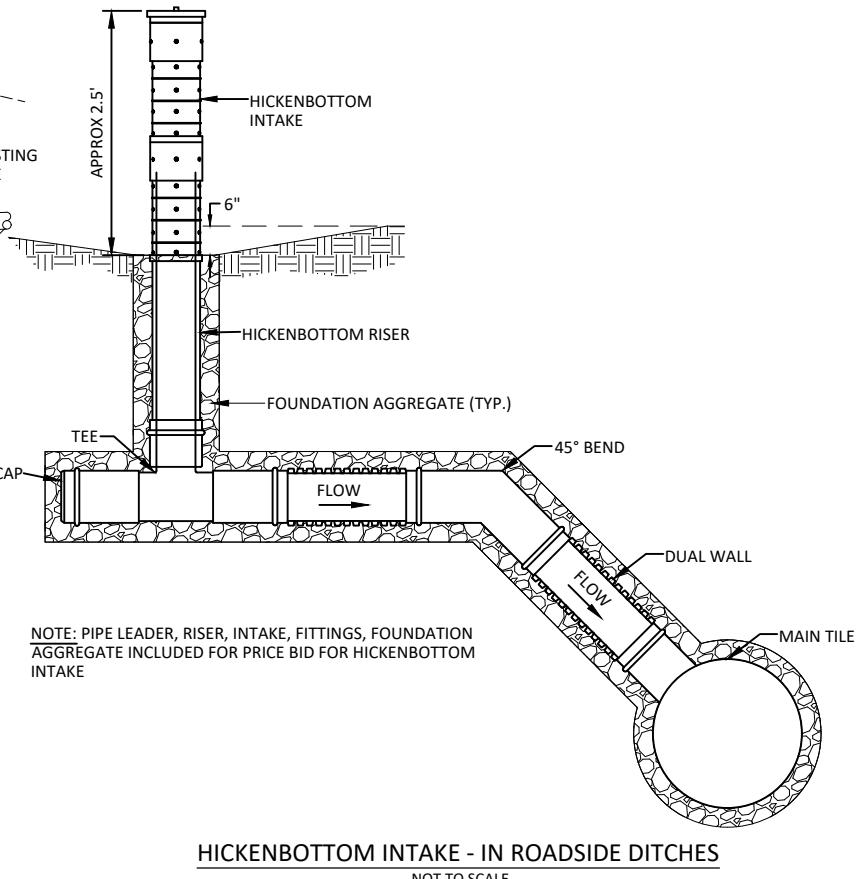
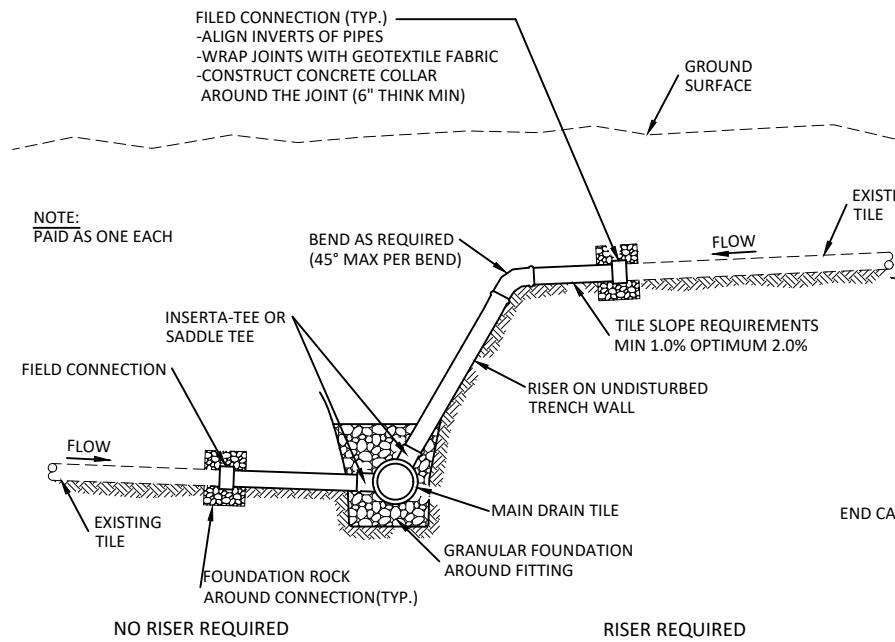
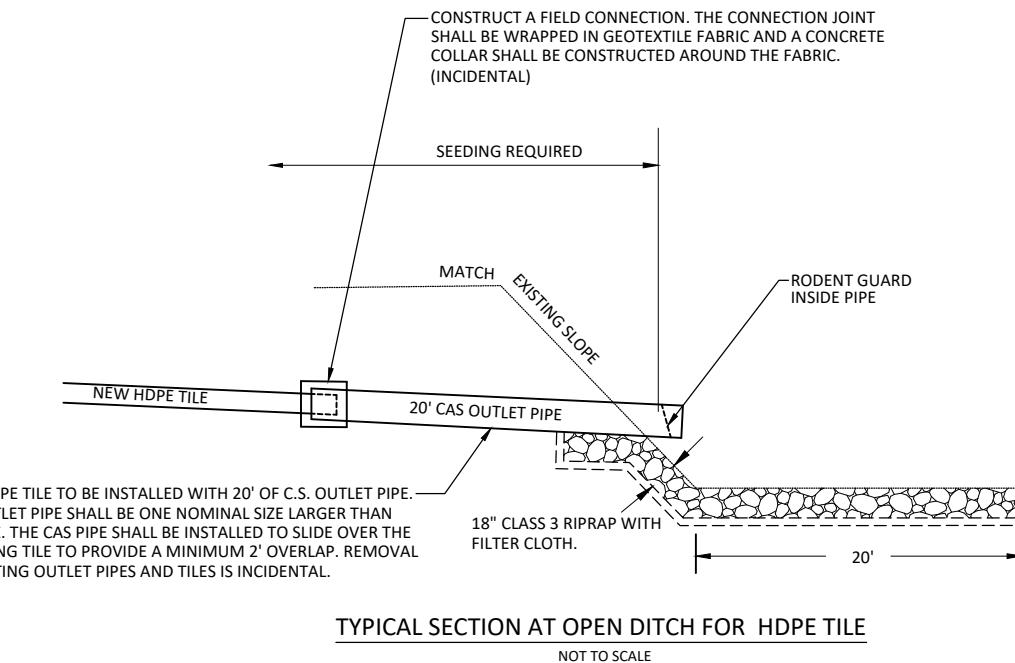
A	ALGEBRAIC DIFFERENCE	GRAV	GRAVEL	RSC	RIGID STEEL CONDUIT
ADJ	ADJUST	GU	GUTTER	RT	RIGHT
ALT	ALTERNATE	GV	GATE VALVE	SAN	SANITARY SEWER
B-B	BACK TO BACK	HDPE	HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE	SCH	SCHEDULE
BIT	BITUMINOUS	HH	HANDHOLE	SERV	SERVICE
BLDG	BUILDING	HP	HIGH POINT	SHLD	SHOULDER
BMP	BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE	HWL	HIGH WATER LEVEL	STA	STATION
BR	BEGIN RADIUS	HYD	HYDRANT	STD	STANDARD
BV	BUTTERFLY VALVE	I	INVERT	STM	STORM SEWER
CB	CATCH BASIN	K	CURVE COEFFICIENT	TC	TOP OF CURB
C&G	CURB AND GUTTER	L	LENGTH	TE	TEMPORARY EASEMENT
CIP	CAST IRON PIPE	LO	LOWEST OPENING	TEMP	TEMPORARY
CIPP	CURED-IN-PLACE PIPE	LP	LOW POINT	TNH	TOP NUT HYDRANT
CL	CENTER LINE	LT	LEFT	TP	TOP OF PIPE
CLVT	CULVERT	MAX	MAXIMUM	TYP	TYPICAL
CMP	CORRUGATED METAL PIPE	MH	MANHOLE	VCP	VITRIFIED CLAY PIPE
C.O.	CHANGE ORDER	MIN	MINIMUM	VERT	VERTICAL
COMM	COMMUNICATION	MR	MID RADIUS	VPC	VERTICAL POINT OF CURVE
CON	CONCRETE	NIC	NOT IN CONTRACT	VPI	VERTICAL POINT OF INTERSECTION
CSP	CORRUGATED STEEL PIPE	NMC	NON-METALLIC CONDUIT	VPT	VERTICAL POINT OF TANGENT
DIA	DIAMETER	NTS	NOT TO SCALE	WM	WATERMAIN
DIP	DUCTILE IRON PIPE	NWL	NORMAL WATER LEVEL		
DWY	DRIVEWAY	OHW	ORDINARY HIGH WATER LEVEL		
DWY	DRIVEWAY	PC	POINT OF CURVE	AC	ACRES
E	EXTERNAL CURVE DISTANCE	PCC	POINT OF COMPOUND CURVE	CF	CUBIC FEET
ELEC	ELECTRIC	PE	PERMANENT EASEMENT	CV	COMPACTED VOLUME
ELEV	ELEVATION	PED	PEDESTRIAN, PEDESTAL	CY	CUBIC YARD
EOF	EMERGENCY OVERFLOW	PERF	PERFORATED PIPE	EA	EACH
ER	END RADIUS	PERM	PERMANENT	EV	EXCAVATED VOLUME
ESMT	EASEMENT	PI	POINT OF INTERSECTION	LB	POUND
EX	EXISTING	PL	PROPERTY LINE	LF	LINEAR FEET
FES	FLARED END SECTION	PRC	POINT OF REVERSE CURVE	LS	LUMP SUM
F-F	FACE TO FACE	PT	POINT OF TANGENT	LV	LOOSE VOLUME
FF	FINISHED FLOOR	PVC	POLYVINYL CHLORIDE PIPE	SF	SQUARE FEET
F&I	FURNISH AND INSTALL	PVMT	PAVEMENT	SV	STOCKPILE VOLUME
FM	FORCEMAIN	R	RADIUS	SY	SQUARE YARD
FO	FIBER OPTIC	R/W	RIGHT-OF-WAY		
GRAN	GRANULAR	RCP	REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE		
RET	RETAINING	RET	RETAINING		

BUFFALO CREEK WATERSHED DISTRICT

JUDICIAL DITCH NO. 15 LATERAL V BRANCH C IMPROVEMENT

LEGEND

G0.02



TOWNSHIP ROAD RESTORATION
NOT TO SCALE

GRANULAR MATERIAL DEPTH TO INVERT TABLE (ASTM F2648)	
TILE SIZE (IN)	MAX PIPE DEPTH (FT)
4	21
6	21
8	21
10	21
12	21
15	21
18	21
24	19
30	19
36	18
42	18
48	18
60	17

NOTE: THIS TABLE IS FOR REFERENCE PURPOSES ONLY. ACTUAL MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM DEPTHS SHALL BE DETERMINED IN CONJUNCTION WITH MANUFACTURER AND TESTING AGENCIES.

NOT TO SCALE

PRELIMINARY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

STAMFORD, LUKE
LIC. NO. 48756 DATE MM/DD/YYYY

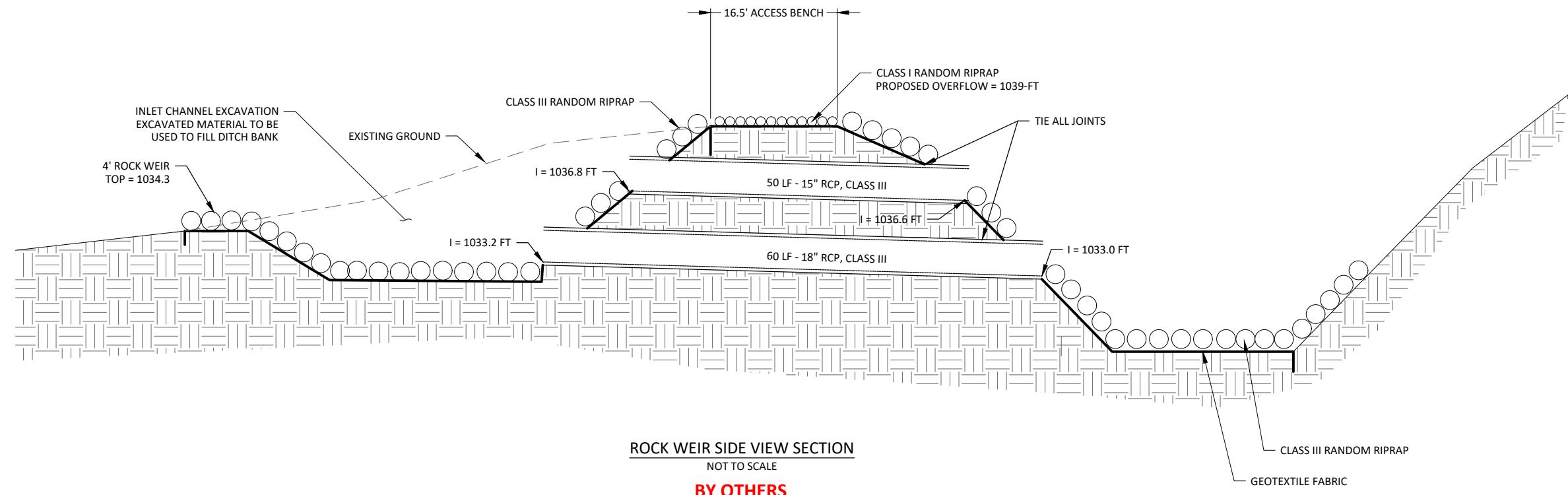


1243 CEDAR STREET NE
SLEEPY EYE, MN 56085
Phone: (507) 810-4184
Email: SleepyEye@bolton-menk.com
www.bolton-menk.com

DESIGNED	NO.	ISSUED FOR	DATE
JGB			
DRAWN			
CV			
CHECKED			
SPL			
CLIENT PROJ. NO.			
24X.136322.000			

BUFFALO CREEK WATERSHED DISTRICT
JUDICIAL DITCH NO. 15 LATERAL V BRANCH C IMPROVEMENT
DETAILS AND TYPICAL SECTIONS

C1.01



Information contained in this SWPPP narrative sheet summarizes requirements of the GENERAL PERMIT AUTHORIZATION TO DISCHARGE STORMWATER ASSOCIATED WITH CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY UNDER THE NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM/STATE DISPOSAL SYSTEM PROGRAM - Permit No: MN RI00001 (Permit) as they apply to this project. All provisions of the Permit including those not specifically cited herein shall apply to this project. The Contractor is responsible to be familiar with and comply with all conditions of the permit. The full text of the Permit is available at: <https://www.pca.state.mn.us/sites/default/files/wq-strm2-80a.pdf>

SWPPP AMENDMENTS AND SUBMITTALS

Contractor must prepare and submit to the Engineer a SWPPP amendment as necessary to include additional Best Management Practices (BMPs) to correct problems identified or address the following situations.

1. Contact information and training documentation for Construction SWPPP Manager and BMP Installer,
2. There is a change in construction method of phasing, operation, maintenance, weather or seasonal conditions not anticipated during the design of the SWPPP including but not limited to:
 - a. Types and/or Locations of BMPs
 - b. Material Storage and Spill Response
 - c. Fueling Plans
 - d. Locations for Stockpiles, Concrete Washout, and Sanitation Facilities and
 - e. Project Phasing
3. It is determined that the SWPPP is not achieving objectives of minimizing pollutants in stormwater discharges associated with construction activity, or
4. The SWPPP is not consistent with the terms and conditions of the permit.

The Contractor may implement SWPPP amendments immediately and is not required to wait for Engineer review of the submittal. The responsibility for completeness of SWPPP amendments and compliance with the Permit lies with the Contractor. Review, comment, or lack of comment by the Engineer on a SWPPP amendment shall not absolve the responsibilities of the Contractor in any way.

If a change order is issued for a design change the SWPPP amendment will be prepared by the Engineer and included in the change order.

In addition to SWPPP amendments, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer Weekly Erosion and Sediment Control Schedule meeting the requirements of MnDOT 1717.

The Contractor shall keep copies of all SWPPP amendments, Weekly Erosion and Sediment Control Schedules, inspection logs, and maintenance logs with the field copy of the SWPPP. A PDF copy of these documents will be provided along with a copy of the final Field Copy of the SWPPP to the Engineer along with the signed Notice of Termination when final stabilization is complete.

EROSION PREVENTION PRACTICES

Stormwater conveyance channels shall be routed around unstabilized areas. Erosion controls and velocity dissipation devices shall be used at outlets within and along the length of any constructed conveyance channel.

The normal wetted perimeter of all ditches or swales, including storm water management pond slopes, that drain waters from the site must be stabilized within 200' of any property edge or discharge point, including storm sewer inlets, within 24 hours of connection.

Temporary or permanent ditches or swales used as sediment containment during construction do not need to be stabilized during temporary period of use and shall be stabilized within 24 hours after no longer used as sediment containment.

Mulch, hydromulch, tackifier, or similar practice shall not be used in any portion of the wetted perimeter of a temporary or permanent drainage ditch or swale section with a continuous slope of greater than 2 percent.

Energy dissipation shall be installed at all temporary or permanent pipe outlets within 24 hours of connection to a surface water or permanent stormwater treatment system.

The Contractor shall phase construction and use construction methods to the extent practical to minimize exposed soils. The project phasing shall be documented in the Weekly Erosion and Sediment Control Schedule.

SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES

Down gradient BMPs including perimeter BMPs must be in place before up gradient land- disturbing activities begin and shall remain in place until final stabilization.

All BMPs that have been adjusted or removed to accommodate short-term activities shall be re-installed or replaced the earlier of the end of the work day or before the next precipitation event even if the activity is not complete.

Inlet BMPs may be removed for specific safety concerns. The BMPs shall be replaced as soon as the safety concern is resolved. The removal shall be documented in the SWPPP as a SWPPP amendment.

Temporary stockpiles must have sediment control BMPs. The Contractor shall prepare and submit to the Engineer a SWPPP amendment showing the location of temporary stockpiles and the BMPs for each stockpile. The SWPPP amendment must meet the minimum requirements of Section 9 of the Permit.

Soil compaction shall be minimized and topsoil shall be preserved, unless infeasible or if construction activities dictate soil compaction or topsoil stripping.

The use of polymers, flocculants, or other sedimentation treatment chemicals are not proposed as part of this SWPPP as designed by the Engineer. If methods or phasing of construction require the use of any of these chemicals, the Contractor shall prepare and submit to the Engineer a SWPPP amendment that meets the minimum requirements of Section 9 of the Permit.

TEMPORARY SEDIMENTATION BASINS

A temporary sedimentation basin has not been included in this SWPPP as designed by the Engineer. If a basin is later determined to be desirable or necessary the Contractor shall prepare and submit to the Engineer a SWPPP amendment. Temporary sedimentation basins shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements of Section 14 of the Permit and shall include a basin draining plan meeting or exceeding the minimum requirements of Section 10 of the Permit. Where the site discharges to Special and/or Impaired Waters the SWPPP amendment shall also meet or exceed the minimum requirements of Section 23 of the permit.

DEWATERING

A dewatering plan has not been included in this SWPPP as designed by the Engineer. If dewatering is required for this project, the Contractor shall prepare and submit to the Engineer a SWPPP amendment. All dewatering shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements of Section 10 of the Permit.

POLLUTION PREVENTION

Products and materials that have the potential to leach pollutants that are stored on the site must be stored in a manner designed to minimize contact with stormwater. Materials that are not a source of potential contamination to stormwater or that are designed for exposure to stormwater are not required to be covered.

Hazardous materials including but not limited to pesticides, fertilizer, petroleum products, curing compounds and toxic waste must be properly stored and protected from stormwater exposure as recommended by the manufacturer in an access restricted area.

Solid waste must be stored, collected and disposed of in compliance with Minnesota Administrative Rules Chapter 7035.

Portable toilets must be positioned so that they are secure and will not be tipped or knocked over. Sanitary waste must be disposed of properly in accordance with Minn. R. CH 7041.

Exterior vehicle or equipment washing on the project site shall be limited to a defined area of the site. No engine degreasing is allowed on site. A sign must be installed adjacent to each washout facility that requires site personnel to utilize the proper facilities for disposal of concrete and other washout wastes.

The Contractor shall prepare and submit a SWPPP amendment detailing the location and BMPs proposed for storage of materials, solid waste, portable toilets, and exterior vehicle or equipment washing on the site. The SWPPP amendment shall include a spill prevention and response plan that is appropriate for the materials proposed to be on the site. The SWPPP amendment shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements of Section 12 of the Permit.

INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE

A trained person shall routinely inspect the entire construction site at the time interval indicated on this sheet of the SWPPP during active construction and within 24-hours after a rainfall event greater than 0.5 inches in 24 hours. Following an inspection that occurs within 24-hours after a rainfall event, the next inspection must be conducted at the time interval indicated in the Receiving Waters Table found on the SITE PLAN AND INFORMATION SHEET of the SWPPP.

All inspections and maintenance conducted during construction must be recorded on the day it is completed and must be retained with the SWPPP. Inspection report forms are available in the Project Specifications. Inspection report forms other than those provided shall be approved by the engineer.

The Contractor may request a change in inspection schedule for the following conditions:

- a. Inspections of areas with permanent cover to be reduced to once per month,
- b. Inspections of areas that have permanent cover and have had no construction activity for 12 months to be suspended until construction resumes,
- c. Inspections of areas where construction is suspended due to frozen ground conditions, inspections to be suspended until the earlier of within 24 hours of runoff occurring, or upon resuming construction.

No change in inspection schedule shall occur until authorized by the Engineer.

Inspections must include:

1. All erosion prevention and sediment control BMPs and Pollution Prevention Management Measures to ensure integrity and effectiveness.
2. Surface waters, including drainage ditches and conveyance systems for evidence of erosion and sediment deposition.
3. Construction site vehicle exit locations, streets and curb and gutter systems within and adjacent to the project for sedimentation from erosion or tracked sediment from vehicles.
4. Infiltration areas to ensure that no sediment from ongoing construction activity is reaching the infiltration area and that equipment is not being driven across the infiltration area.

All non-functioning BMPs and those BMPs where sediment reaches one-half (1/2) of the depth of the BMP, or in the case of sediment basins one-half (1/2) of the storage volume, must be repaired, replaced, or supplemented by the end of the next business day after discovery, or as soon as field conditions allow.

Permittees must repair, replace or supplement all nonfunctional BMPs with functional BMPs by the end of the next business day after discovery, or as soon as field conditions allow.

Any sediment that escapes the site must be removed and the area stabilized within 7 calendar days of discovery unless precluded by legal, regulatory, or physical access in which case the work shall be completed within 7 calendar days of authorization. Paved surfaces such as streets shall have any escaped or tracked sediment removed by the end of the day that it is discovered.

Sediment release, other than paved surfaces that can be cleaned up with street sweeping shall be reported immediately upon discovery to the Engineer.

PUBLIC WATER RESTRICTIONS:

For public waters that have been promulgated "work in water restrictions" during fish spawning time frames, all exposed soil areas that are within 200 feet of the water's edge, and drain to these waters must complete stabilization within 24-hours during the time period. MN DNR permits are not valid for work in waters that are designated as infested waters unless accompanied by an Infested Waters Permit or written notification has been obtained from MN DNR stating that such permit is not required. There is no exception for pre-existing permits. If a MN DNR Permit has been issued for the project and the water is later designated as infested, the Contractor shall halt all work covered by the MN DNR Permit until an Infested Waters Permit is obtained or that written notification is obtained stating that such permit is not required.

FINAL STABILIZATION

Final Stabilization is not complete until all the following requirements have been met:

1. Substantial Completion has been reached and no ground disturbing activities are anticipated.
2. Permanent cover has been installed with an established minimum uniform perennial vegetation density of 70 percent of its expected final growth. Vegetation is not required in areas where no vegetation is proposed by this project such as impervious surfaces or the base of a sand filter.

3. Accumulated sediment has been removed from all permanent stormwater treatment systems as necessary to ensure the system is operating as designed.

4. All sediment has been removed from conveyance systems

5. All temporary synthetic erosion prevention and sediment control BMPs have been removed. BMPs designated on the SWPPP to remain to decompose on-site may remain.

6. For residential construction only, permit coverage terminates on individual lots if the structures are finished and temporary erosion prevention and downgradient perimeter control is complete, the residence sells to the homeowner, and the permittee distributes the MPCA's "Homeowner Fact Sheet" to the homeowner.

7. For agricultural land only (e.g., pipelines across cropland), the disturbed land must be returned to its preconstruction agricultural use prior to submitting the NOT.

SITE STABILIZATION COMPLETION:

Stabilization of exposed soils shall begin immediately and shall be completed after the construction activity has temporarily or permanently ceased no later than:	7 calendar days
--	-----------------

SITE INSPECTION INTERVAL:

A trained person shall routinely inspect the entire construction site during active construction at an interval of no more than:	7 calendar days
--	-----------------

SPECIAL ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS AND PERMITS:

1) Was an environmental review required for this project or any part of a common plan of development or sale that includes all or any portion of this project?	NO
2) Does any portion of the site have the potential to affect threatened or endangered species or their critical habitat?	NO
3) Does any portion of this site discharge to a Calcareous fen.	NO
4) Will any portion of the site potentially affect properties listed on the National Register of Historic Places or a known or discovered archeological site?	NO
5) Have any Karst features been identified in the project vicinity?	NO
6) Is compliance with temporary or permanent stormwater management design requirements infeasible for this project?	NO
7) Has the MN DNR promulgated "work in water restrictions" for any Public Water this site discharges to during fish spawning?	NO

TYPE OF PERMIT	PERMITTING AGENCY	PERMIT STATUS AND CONDITIONS
Construction Stormwater NPDES	MPCA	

SWPPP DESIGNER TRAINING DOCUMENTATION:

UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA

Jordan Bengtson

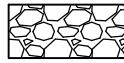
Construction Site Management (May 31 2026)
Design of Construction SWPPP (May 31 2028)



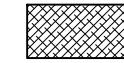


LEGEND

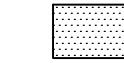
→ → EXISTING/PROPOSED DRAINAGE PATTERN



RANDOM RIPRAP, CLASS III



RAPID STABILIZATION, METHOD 4



MULCH TYPE 1



STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION EXIT
(TO BE DETERMINED BY CONTRACTOR & MARKED ON PLANS)

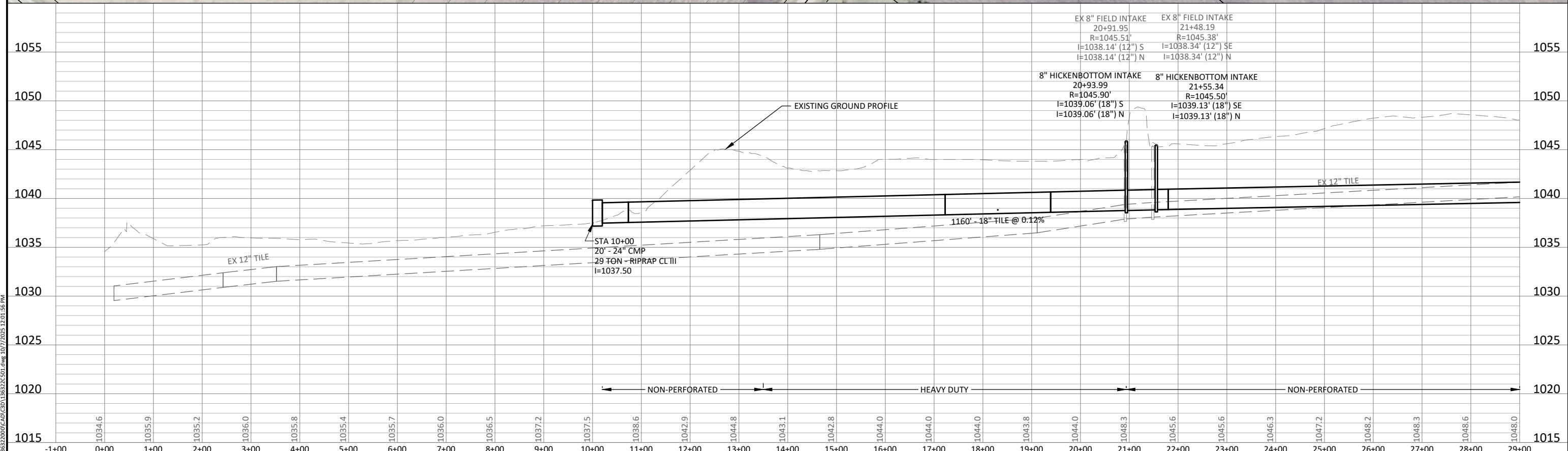
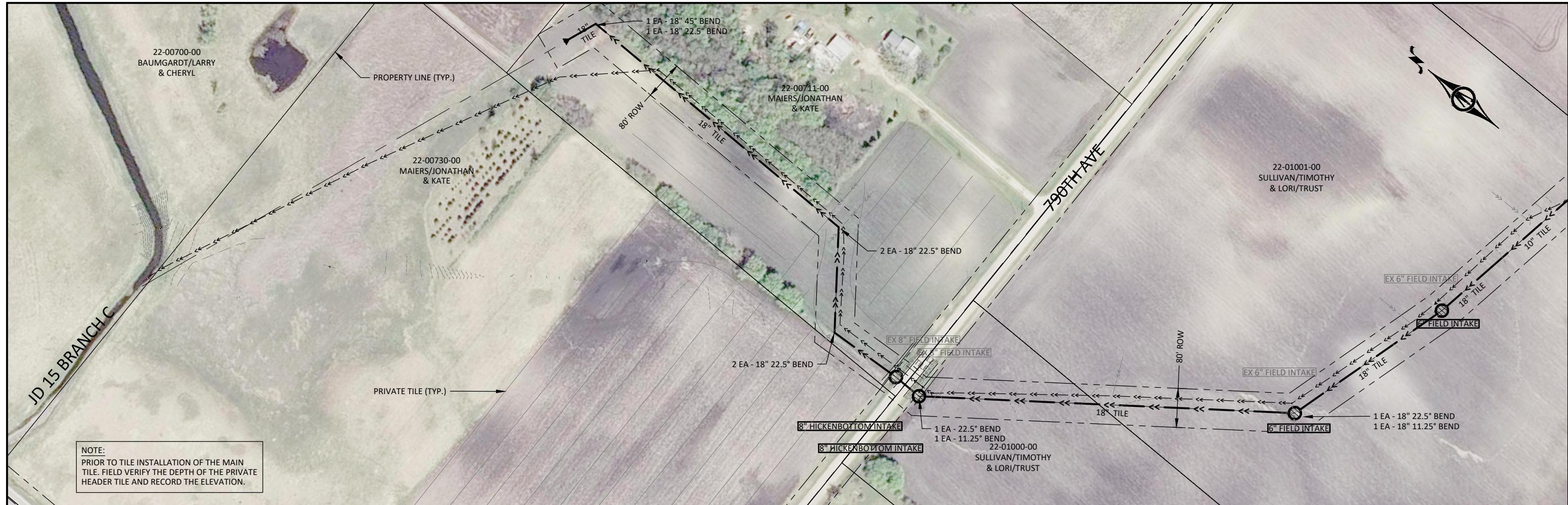


STORM DRAIN INLET PROTECTION
(EXISTING INLET)



STORM DRAIN INLET PROTECTION
(PROPOSED INLET)





22-00960-00
MAIERS/LAWRENCE
& CAROL

22-01001-00
SULLIVAN/TIMOTHY
& LORI/TRUST

22-00980-00
KUTTNER/KENNETH
& EILEEN/TR

EX 6" FIELD INTAKE
29+33.28
R=1047.59'
I=1040.51' (10") E
I=1040.51' (12") NW

EX 6" FIELD INTAKE
32+94.88
R=1045.84'
I=1041.84' (10") E
I=1041.84' (10") W

6" FIELD INTAKE
29+26.51
R=1048.06'
I=1039.91' (18") E
I=1039.91' (18") NW

EX 10" FIELD INTAKE
39+85.84
R=1048.66'
I=1044.66' (10") S
I=1044.66' (10") NW

EX 10" FIELD INTAKE
42+33.78
R=1049.24'
I=1045.91' (10") N

EXISTING GROUND PROFILE

6" FIELD INTAKE
32+93.76
R=1045.95'
I=1040.27' (18") E
I=1040.27' (18") W

10" FIELD INTAKE
39+85.84
R=1049.01'
I=1043.06' (10") S
I=1043.06' (10") NW

10" FIELD INTAKE
42+33.78
R=1049.39'
I=1044.30' (10") N

EX 10" TILE
804' - 10" TILE @ 0.50%

REDUCER
STA 34+30
I=1040.28 10"
I=1040.41 18"

NON-PERFORATED

PERFORATED

NON-PERFORATED

PERFORATED

1060 1060

1055 1055

1050 1050

1045 1045

1040 1040

1035 1035

1030 1030

1025 1025

1020 1020

28+00 29+00 30+00 31+00 32+00 33+00 34+00 35+00 36+00 37+00 38+00 39+00 40+00 41+00 42+00 43+00 44+00 45+00 46+00 47+00 48+00 49+00 50+00 51+00 52+00 53+00 54+00 55+00 56+00 57+00

1048.6 1048.0 1047.5 1048.0 1046.6 1046.0 1046.5 1047.7 1050.8 1051.5 1050.5 1049.5 1049.0 1049.2 1049.4 1049.7

1020 1025 1030 1035 1040 1045 1050 1055 1060

1060 1055 1050 1045 1040 1035 1030 1025 1020

1020 1025 1030 1035 1040 1045 1050 1055 1060

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441-BECK WD MINN 2AX1 3632200001 CAN/CDN\136322\CS01 dwg 10/7/2025 12:02:03 PM

111

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN, SPECIFICATION, OR REPORT WAS PREPARED PRELIMINARY AND IS SUBJECT TO APPROVAL AND IS NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION.			
SHANNON LUCE LIC. NO. 48756		DATE	MM/DD/YYYY



1243 CEDAR STREET NE
SLEEPY EYE, MN 56085
Phone: (507) 810-4184
Email: SleepyEye@bolton-menk.com
www.bolton-menk.com

BUFFALO CREEK WATERSHED DISTRICT
JUDICIAL DITCH NO. 15 LATERAL V BRANCH C IMPROVEMENT
TILE PLAN AND PROFILE - BRANCH C
STA 28+00 - 58+00

C5.02

Exhibit 2: Preliminary Cost Estimate

PRELIMINARY ENGINEER'S ESTIMATE

Judicial Ditch No. 15 Lateral V, Branch C Improvement
 Buffalo Creek Watershed District
 24X.136322.000

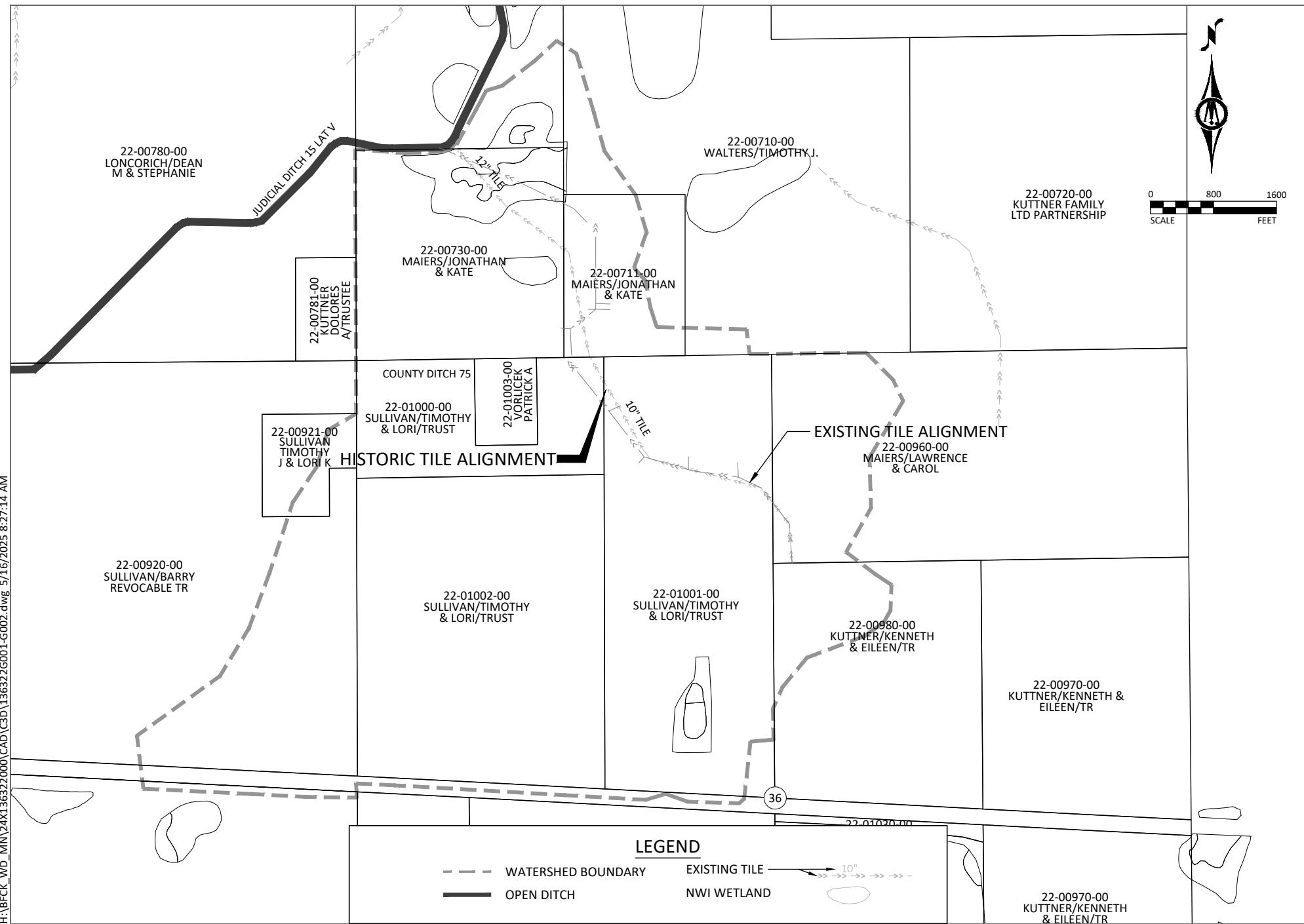


Real People. Real Solutions.

Date: 12/9/2025

Item No.	Item	Estimated Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Total Amount
BASE BID					
1	MOBILIZATION	1	LUMP SUM	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00
2	EXPLORATORY EXCAVATION	30	HOUR	\$300.00	\$9,000.00
3	DRAIN TILE CONNECTION	20	EACH	\$1,000.00	\$20,000.00
4	AGGREGATE SURFACING, CLASS 5	30	TON	\$35.00	\$1,050.00
5	6" FIELD INTAKE	2	EACH	\$1,000.00	\$2,000.00
6	8" HICKENBOTTOM INTAKE	2	EACH	\$2,000.00	\$4,000.00
7	10" FIELD INTAKE	2	EACH	\$2,000.00	\$4,000.00
8	10" NON-PERFORATED DRAIN TILE	260	LIN FT	\$20.00	\$5,200.00
9	10" PERFORATED DRAIN TILE	560	LIN FT	\$20.00	\$11,200.00
10	18" NON-PERFORATED DRAIN TILE	1360	LIN FT	\$28.00	\$38,080.00
11	18" PERFORATED DRAIN TILE	200	LIN FT	\$28.00	\$5,600.00
12	18" HEAVY DUTY TILE	850	LIN FT	\$60.00	\$51,000.00
13	24" CS TILE	20	LIN FT	\$80.00	\$1,600.00
14	RANDOM RIPRAP, CLASS III	29	TON	\$110.00	\$3,190.00
15	STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION EXIT	1	LUMP SUM	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00
16	INLET PROTECTION	12	EACH	\$150.00	\$1,800.00
17	TYPE 1 MULCH	12	TON	\$350.00	\$4,200.00
18	RAPID STABILIZATION, METHOD 4	380	SQ YD	\$3.50	\$1,330.00
					ESTIMATED BASE BID TOTAL: <u>\$170,250.00</u>
					TEMPORARY RIGHT-OF-WAY DAMAGES
					5.96 ACRE \$600.00 \$3,576.00
					SUBTOTAL: <u>\$173,826.00</u>
					10% CONTINGENCY: <u>\$17,380.00</u>
					TOTAL ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION COST: <u>\$191,206.00</u>
					DESIGN, ADMINISTRATION AND CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING: <u>\$58,000.00</u>
					TOTAL ESTIMATED PROJECT COST: <u>\$249,206.00</u>

Exhibit 3: Separable Maintenance



SEPARABLE MAINTENANCE

Judicial Ditch No. 15 Lateral V, Branch C Improvement
Buffalo Creek Watershed District
24X.136322.000



Real People. Real Solutions.

Date: 12/9/2025

Item No.	Item	Estimated Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Total Amount
BASE BID					
1	MOBILIZATION	1	LUMP SUM	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00
2	EXPLORATORY EXCAVATION	30	HOUR	\$300.00	\$9,000.00
3	DRAIN TILE CONNECTION	20	EACH	\$1,000.00	\$20,000.00
4	AGGREGATE SURFACING, CLASS 5	25	TON	\$35.00	\$875.00
5	6" FIELD INTAKE	2	EACH	\$1,000.00	\$2,000.00
6	8" HICKENBOTTOM INTAKE	2	EACH	\$2,000.00	\$4,000.00
7	10" FIELD INTAKE	2	EACH	\$2,000.00	\$4,000.00
8	10" DRAIN TILE	1300	LIN FT	\$20.00	\$26,000.00
9	12" DRAIN TILE	2940	LIN FT	\$22.00	\$64,680.00
10	15" CS TILE	20	LIN FT	\$60.00	\$1,200.00
11	RANDOM RIPRAP, CLASS III	29	TON	\$110.00	\$3,190.00
12	STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION EXIT	1	LUMP SUM	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00
13	INLET PROTECTION	12	EACH	\$150.00	\$1,800.00
14	TYPE 1 MULCH	12	TON	\$350.00	\$4,200.00
15	RAPID STABILIZATION, METHOD 4	380	SQ YD	\$3.50	\$1,330.00
16	WETLAND SEEDING	0.9	ACRE	\$4,500.00	\$4,050.00
					ESTIMATED BASE BID TOTAL: <u>\$153,325.00</u>
 TEMPORARY RIGHT-OF-WAY DAMAGES					
		5.96	ACRE	\$600.00	\$3,576.00
				SUBTOTAL:	<u>\$156,901.00</u>
				10% CONTINGENCY:	<u>\$15,690.00</u>
				TOTAL ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION COST:	<u>\$172,591.00</u>
DESIGN, ADMINISTRATION AND CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING:					
					<u>\$54,000.00</u>
				TOTAL ESTIMATED PROJECT COST:	<u>\$226,591.00</u>

Exhibit 4: Right-of-Way Table

Judicial Ditch No. 15 Lateral V, Branch C Improvement

Buffalo Creek Watershed District

Right-of-way Table

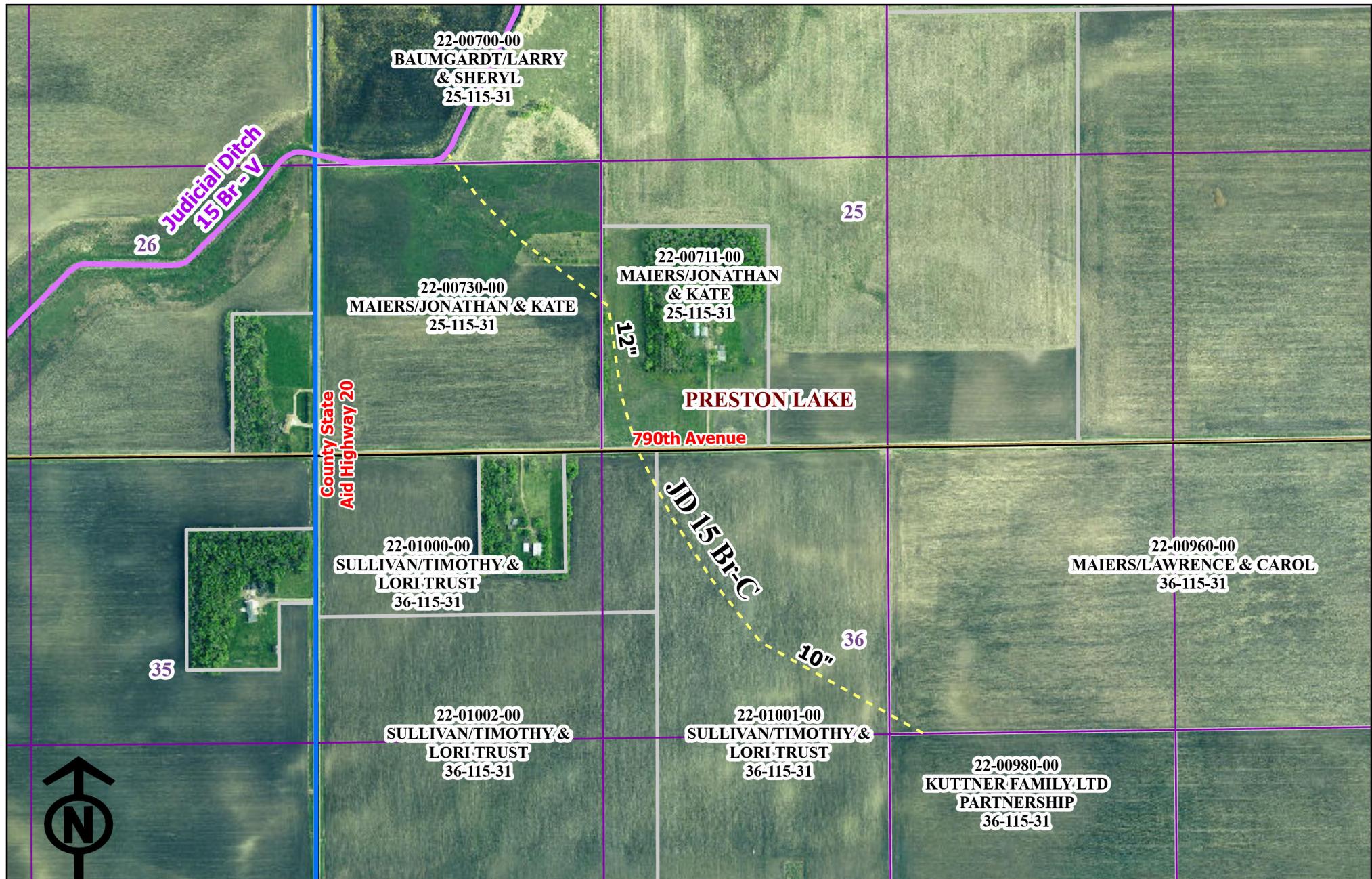


Date: 10/7/2025

Parcel No.	Property Owner	Legal Description	Repair Right-of-Way				Temporary	
			Station to Station	Length	Width	Area (Acres)	\$600	
Lateral V - Branch C								
22-00711-00	MAIERS/JOHANTHAN & KATE	SE 1/4, SW 1/4	9+60	19+25	965	80	1.77	1062.00
		SE 1/4, SW 1/4	19+25	20+84	159	65	0.24	144.00
22-00730-00	MAIERS/JOHANTHAN & KATE	SW 1/4, SW 1/4	19+25	20+84	159	15	0.05	\$30.00
22-01000-00	SULLIVAN/TIMOTHY & LORI/TRUST	NE 1/4, NW 1/4	21+51	25+23	372	80	0.68	408.00
22-01001-00	SULLIVAN/TIMOTHY & LORI/TRUST	NE 1/4, NW 1/4	25+23	38+46	1323	80	2.43	1458.00
22-00960-00	MAIERS/LAWRENCE & CAROL	NE 1/4, NE 1/4	38+46	42+30	384	80	0.71	426.00
22-00980-00	KUTTNER/KENNETH & EILEEN/TR	SW 1/4, NE 1/4	42+30	42+75	45	80	0.08	48.00
Total				Total Improvement Right-of-Way Damages =			5.96	\$3,576.00

H:\BFCK_WD_MN\24X136322000\2_Preliminary\A_Calculations\[136322_ROW.xlsx]Sheet1

Exhibit 5: Petition for Improvement



Renville
COUNTY
Service • Stewardship • Shared Responsibility

Exhibit A

Legend

- Judicial Ditch 15
- Tile, Active
- Tile, Retired
- County-State Aid Highway
- Township Road
- Township
- Tax Parcel
- Quarter Quarter

**STATE OF MINNESOTA
COUNTY OF RENVILLE**

In Re:

Renville County Judicial Ditch No. 15, Lateral V, Branch C
Renville County, Minnesota.

PETITION FOR IMPROVEMENT OF DRAINAGE SYSTEM

TO: THE BOARD OF MANAGERS OF THE BUFFALO CREEK WATERSHED DISTRICT
AS THE DRAINAGE AUTHORITY FOR JUDICIAL DITCH NO. 15 (RENVILLE
COUNTY, MINNESOTA)

Petitioners respectfully represent, state and request the following:

1. **Jurisdiction.**

The undersigned Petitioners constitute (1) at least 26% of the owners of the property affected by the proposed improvement; (2) at least 26% of the owners of property that the proposed improvement passes over; (3) the owners of at least 26% of the property area affected by the proposed improvement; or (4) the owners of at least 26% of the property area that the proposed improvement passes over.

2. **Designation of Drainage System.**

This Petition requests the improvement of the drainage system known by and designated as Judicial Ditch No. 15, Lateral V, Branch C, located in Preston Lake Township, Renville County, Minnesota.

3. **Need for Improvement.**

The drainage system has insufficient capacity or needs enlarging or extending to furnish sufficient capacity or a better outlet. Judicial Ditch No. 15, Lateral V, Branch C provides beneficial drainage to agricultural properties, public roadways and other lands located in Sections 25 and 36, Township 115, Range 31, Renville County, Minnesota. Judicial Ditch No. 15, Lateral V, Branch C is in need of repair. Judicial Ditch No. 15, Lateral V, Branch C has remained in service since its original construction. Other than minor repairs, no major repairs have been made to Judicial Ditch No. 15, Lateral V, Branch C since it was constructed. Even in a repaired state, Judicial Ditch No. 15, Lateral V, Branch C is inadequate to support beneficial drainage for current farming and drainage practices. Judicial Ditch No. 15, Lateral V, Branch C has insufficient capacity and needs enlarging to furnish sufficient capacity and better outlet.

4. **Description of Improvement.**

The proposed improvements include: Enlarging the existing tile to provide a 3/8 drainage coefficient in the manner to be determined by the engineer, Bolton & Menk, Inc.

The following is a description of a starting point, general course, and terminus of the proposed improvement: Commencing at a point in the Northwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter (NW1/4SE1/4), Section 36, Township 115, Range 31, Preston Lake Township, Renville County, Minnesota; thence northwesterly; terminating at a point located in the Northwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter (NW1/4SW1/4), Section 25, Township 115, Range 31, Preston Lake Township, Renville County, Minnesota.

Set forth below is a list of the forty-acre tracts or Government Lots that the proposed improvement would pass over, together with the names and addresses of the owners of those tracts.

Tract	PIN	Owner	Address	Description	Sec.	Twp.	Rge.
1	22-00980-00	Kuttner Family Limited Partnership	57648 780 th Ave Stewart, MN 55385	SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$	36	115	31
2	22-00960-00	Lawrence & Carol Maiers	1441 8 th Ave SW Hutchinson, MN 55350	NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$	36	115	31
3	22-01001-00	Timothy & Lori Sullivan Trust and Denise Pichotta	78871 CO RD 20 Stewart, MN 55385	PT NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$	36	115	31
3	22-01000-00	Timothy & Lori Sullivan Trust and Denise Pichotta	78871 CO RD 20 Stewart, MN 55385	PT NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$	36	115	31
4	22-00711-00	Jonathan & Kate Maiers	57332 790 th Ave Stewart, MN 55385	PT SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$	25	115	31
5	22-00730-00	Jonathan & Kate Maiers	57332 790 th Ave Stewart, MN 55385	SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$	25	115	31
6	22-00700-00	Larry & Sheryl Baumgardt	310 Burnside SW Sleepy Eye, MN 56085	NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$	25	115	31

5. **Public Utility and Health.**

The proposed improvement will be of public utility and will promote the public health.

6. **Agreement by Petitioners.**

The undersigned Petitioners have been informed and understand that they may not withdraw as a petitioner at any time after this Petition is accepted by the drainage authority, except with the written consent of all other Petitioners on the filed Petition. Also, the undersigned Petitioners acknowledge and agree that they will pay all costs and expenses that may be incurred if the improvement proceedings are dismissed. The undersigned Petitioners acknowledge and

agree that they will pay all costs and expenses that may be incurred if the improvement proceedings are dismissed or if a contract is not awarded for construction of the improvement.

7. **Cost Bond.**

One or more petitioners shall cause a bond to be filed in the amount of at least \$10,000.00 payable to the drainage authority. The bond will be conditioned to pay the costs incurred if the proceedings are dismissed or if a contract is not awarded to construct the proposed improvement described in the petition. In lieu of a bond, one or more Petitioners may request permission to deposit \$10,000.00 cash with the drainage authority to secure payment of such costs.

8. **Separable Maintenance.**

Because Judicial Ditch No. 15, Lateral V, Branch C is in need of repair, Petitioners request, to the extent practicable, that the drainage authority consider, under Minn. Stat. § 103E.215, subd. 6, the separable maintenance portion of the work when determining benefits and assessing costs of the improvement.

WHEREFORE, the Petitioners respectfully request the following:

- a. That the drainage authority accept this Petition, review it and determine that it is legally adequate; and
- b. That the drainage authority appoint Shaun Luker of Bolton & Menk as engineer for purposes of the proposed improvement and direct the engineer to prepare an engineer's preliminary report for the proposed improvement, including allowing the engineer to analyze other potential routes for the proposed improvement and whether separable maintenance may be employed.

FLUEGEL, ANDERSON, MCLAUGHLIN
& BRUTLAG, CHARTERED

Dated: July 30, 2024

By s/ Jason G. Lina
Jason G. Lina, #347541
Attorneys for Petitioners
215 Atlantic Avenue, PO Box 527
Morris, MN 56267
(320) 589-4151/phone
(320) 589-4154/fax
jlina@fluegellaw.com

**SIGNATURE PAGES FOR
PETITION FOR IMPROVEMENT TO JUDICIAL DITCH NO. 15, LATERAL V,
BRANCH C (RENNVILLE COUNTY, MINNESOTA)**

Name of Petitioner(s) (please print or type):

Gregory Kuttner
Douglas Kuttner

Ownership (check one):

Individual
 Co-Owners (# of co-owners: _____)
 Partner (name of Partnership: Kuttner Family Limited Partnership)
 Corporation or limited liability company (name of corporation or LLC: _____)
 Trust (complete name of trust: _____)
 Other (explanation: _____)

Statement of Authority:

The undersigned states and represents that if he or she is executing in a representative capacity, he or she has the authority to execute on behalf of the respective partnership, corporation, limited liability company, trust or other such entity.

The above-named Petitioner(s) own the following tract(s) which the proposed improvement will pass over or which is affected by the proposed improvement:

Tract Description	Section	Township	Range	County
<u>SW 1/4 NE 1/4</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>115</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>Renville</u>

Dated: 8-22-2024

Greg Kuttner
(Signature)

Dated: 8-22-2024

Douglas Kuttner
(Signature)

Dated: _____

(Signature)

**SIGNATURE PAGES FOR
PETITION FOR IMPROVEMENT TO JUDICIAL DITCH NO. 15, LATERAL V,
BRANCH C (RENVILLE COUNTY, MINNESOTA)**

Name of Petitioner(s) (please print or type):

Denise Pichotta

Ownership (check one):

Individual
 Co-Owners (# of co-owners: _____)
 Partner (name of Partnership: _____)
 Corporation or limited liability company (name of corporation or LLC: _____)
 Trust (complete name of trust: _____)
 Other (explanation: _____)

Statement of Authority:

The undersigned states and represents that if he or she is executing in a representative capacity, he or she has the authority to execute on behalf of the respective partnership, corporation, limited liability company, trust or other such entity.

The above-named Petitioner(s) own the following tract(s) which the proposed improvement will pass over or which is affected by the proposed improvement:

Tract Description	Section	Township	Range	County

Dated: 8-21-24

Denise Pichotta
(Signature)

Dated: _____

(Signature)

Dated: _____

(Signature)

**SIGNATURE PAGES FOR
PETITION FOR IMPROVEMENT TO JUDICIAL DITCH NO. 15, LATERAL V,
BRANCH C (RENVILLE COUNTY, MINNESOTA)**

Name of Petitioner(s) (please print or type):

Tim Sullivan
Lori Sullivan

Ownership (check one):

Individual
 Co-Owners (# of co-owners: _____)
 Partner (name of Partnership: _____)
 Corporation or limited liability company (name of corporation or LLC: _____)
 Trust (complete name of trust: Tim + Lori Sullivan)
 Other (explanation: _____)

Statement of Authority:

The undersigned states and represents that if he or she is executing in a representative capacity, he or she has the authority to execute on behalf of the respective partnership, corporation, limited liability company, trust or other such entity.

The above-named Petitioner(s) own the following tract(s) which the proposed improvement will pass over or which is affected by the proposed improvement:

Tract Description	Section	Township	Range	County

Dated: 8/21/24

Tim Sullivan
(Signature)

Dated: 8-21-24

Lori Sullivan
(Signature)

Dated: _____

(Signature)

**SIGNATURE PAGES FOR
PETITION FOR IMPROVEMENT TO JUDICIAL DITCH NO. 15, LATERAL V,
BRANCH C (RENVILLE COUNTY, MINNESOTA)**

Name of Petitioner(s) (please print or type):

Lawrence Maiers
Carol Maiers

Ownership (check one):

Individual
 Co-Owners (# of co-owners: 2)
 Partner (name of Partnership: _____)
 Corporation or limited liability company (name of corporation or LLC: _____)
 Trust (complete name of trust: _____)
 Other (explanation: _____)

Statement of Authority:

The undersigned states and represents that if he or she is executing in a representative capacity, he or she has the authority to execute on behalf of the respective partnership, corporation, limited liability company, trust or other such entity.

The above-named Petitioner(s) own the following tract(s) which the proposed improvement will pass over or which is affected by the proposed improvement:

Tract Description	Section	Township	Range	County
<u>NW 1/4 NE 1/4</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>115</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>ReNville</u>
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

Dated: 8/23/2024

Lawrence Maiers
(Signature)

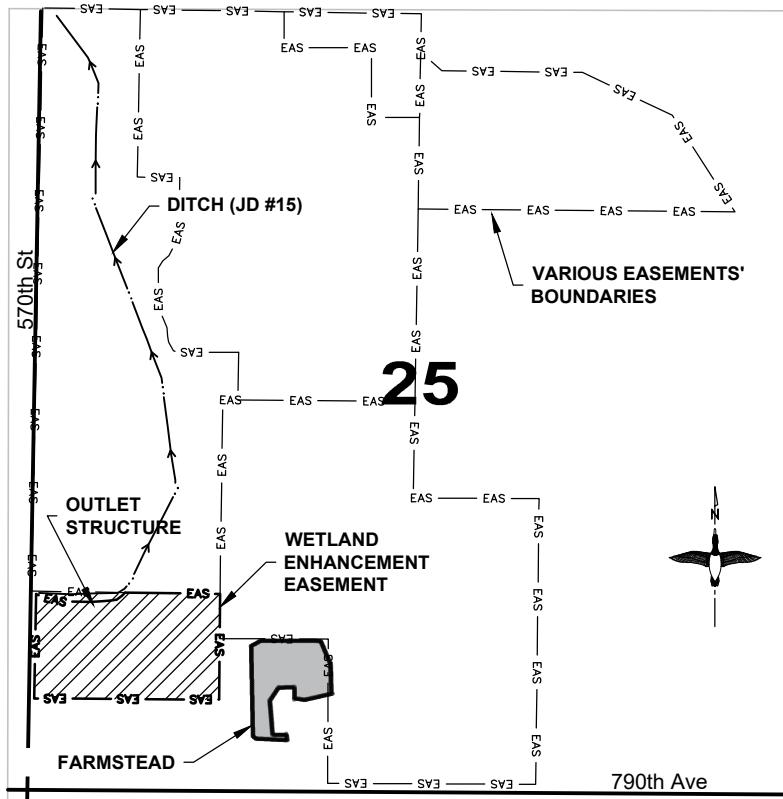
Dated: 8/23/2024

Carol Maiers
(Signature)

Dated: _____

(Signature)

Exhibit 6: BWSR Outlet Control Plans



LOCATION MAP

SCALE: 1" = 1320'

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

- THE PROJECT SPECIFIC CONSTRUCTION AND MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS PREPARED BY THE MINNESOTA BOARD OF WATER AND SOIL RESOURCES (BWSR) ALONG WITH THE 2016 EDITION OF THE MINNESOTA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (MnDOT) "STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION" SHALL BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION. IF ANY CONFLICTS SHOULD ARISE BETWEEN THESE DOCUMENTS, THE PROJECT SPECIFIC CONSTRUCTION AND MATERIAL SPECIFICATION PREPARED BY BWSR SHALL GOVERN.
- ANY CHANGES TO THE DRAWINGS OR SPECIFICATIONS MUST BE AUTHORIZED BY THE PROJECT ENGINEER OR ENGINEER'S REPRESENTATIVE.
- BEFORE START OF CONSTRUCTION, THE OWNER OF ANY UTILITIES INVOLVED MUST BE NOTIFIED. THE CONTRACTOR / EXCAVATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR GIVING THIS NOTICE BY CALLING "GOPHER STATE ONE-CALL" AT (651) 454 - 0002 (TWIN CITIES METRO AREA) OR (800) 252-1166 (ALL OTHER LOCATIONS) AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION.
- THE OWNER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR SECURING ALL NECESSARY LAND RIGHTS, PERMITS AND LICENSES REQUIRED TO COMPLETE THE WORK IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS.

CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROJECT HAS BEEN COMPLETED AND THAT, TO THE BEST OF MY PROFESSIONAL KNOWLEDGE, JUDGEMENT, AND BELIEF, A FINAL INSPECTION OF THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT HAS BEEN PERFORMED, THE PRACTICE HAS BEEN INSTALLED, AND THE WORK COMPLETED IS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED PROJECT CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS AND THAT ANY CHANGES TO THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS ARE AS NOTED.

SIGNATURE: _____ DATE: _____

MAIERS WETLAND ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

COUNTY

RENVILLE

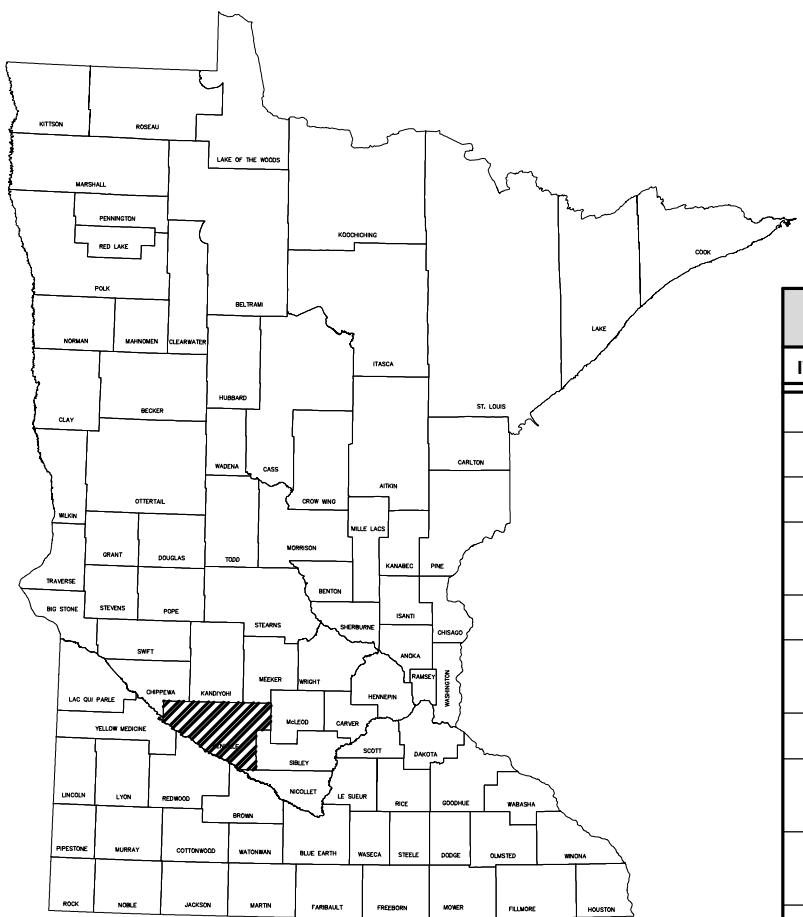
SECTION

25

TOWNSHIP

115 N. 31 W.

RANGE



DRAWING SHEET INDEX	
DESCRIPTION	NUMBER
COVERSHEET	1
PLAN VIEW	2
DITCH BANK	3
OUTLET STRUCTURE DETAILS	4
TILE BLOCKS	5
BEDDING AND CULVERT DETAILS	6

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN, SPECIFICATION, OR REPORT WAS PREPARED BY ME OR UNDER MY DIRECT SUPERVISION AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA.

LIC. NO. 47038

MAIERS, RENVILLE COUNTY
WETLAND ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

COVERSHEET

PROJECT #:
2008-063

SHEET NO.

1 OF 6

ESTIMATED QUANTITIES TABLE

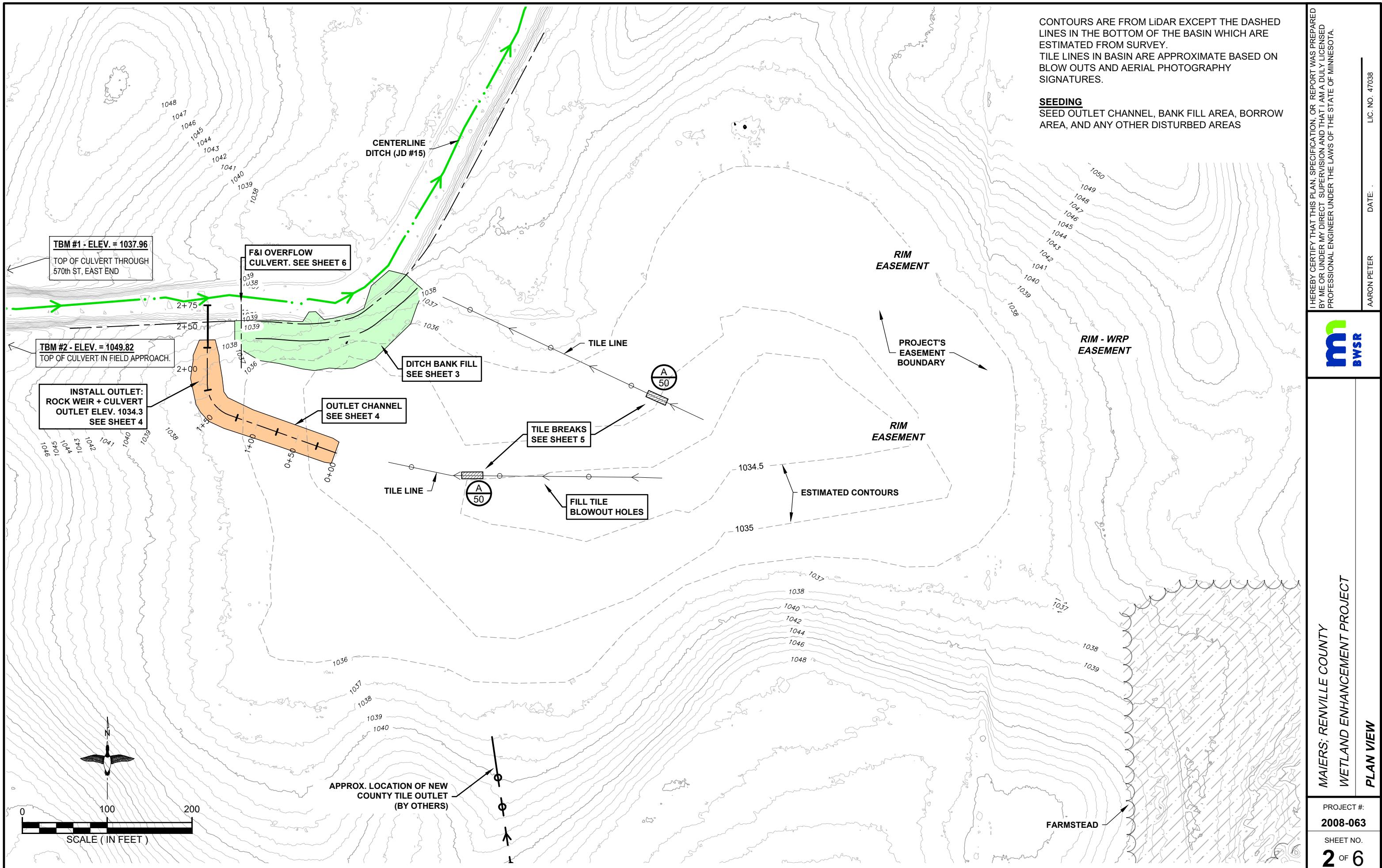
ITEM #	ITEM DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY
1	Mobilization	L.S.	1
2	Salvage and Spread Topsoil (P) (6" depth within ditch bank fill area)	C.Y.	250
3	Excavation - Outlet Channel (P) (Includes shaping outlet area)	C.Y.	450
4	Excavation - Core Trench (P)	C.Y.	190
5	Earthfill - Ditch Bank (P) (CV) (Includes subcut, 10% settlement, and core trench)	C.Y.	1090
6	Tile Block/Removal - Trench Type 'A' (Includes minor filling of any tile blowouts)	L.F.	100
7	Tile Block/Removal - Trench Type 'B' (See sheet 5)	L.F.	125
8	F&I 18" HDPE Dual Walled Pipe, 10.8 psi Bell & Spigot (Includes pipe straps. See bedding requirements)	L.F.	44
9	F&I 15" HDPE Dual Walled Pipe, 10.8 psi Bell & Spigot (Includes pipe straps. See bedding requirements)	L.F.	28
10	F&I CMP Outlet Pipe Sleeve and Rodent Guard (Fit over 15" pipe. See sheet 6)	EA	1
11	F&I CMP Outlet Pipe Sleeve and Rodent Guard (Fit over 18" pipe. See sheet 6)	EA	1
12	F&I Metal Inlet Apron (To fit 15" dia. HDPE)	EA	1
13	F&I Metal Inlet Apron (To fit 18" dia. HDPE)	EA	1
14	F&I Anti-Seep Collar (5'H x 5'W, to fit 18" dia. HDPE)	L.S.	1
15	F&I Rock Weir Outlet (MnDOT Class III Angular Riprap)	C.Y.	65
16	F&I Geotextile Fabric, MnDOT Type IV (Non-woven; under riprap)	S.Y.	150
17	Seeding - MN Native Construction Mix 32-241 (Channel, bank fill, borrow, other disturbed areas)	Acre	0.75
18	Mulching (P) (Front slope of bank fill)	Acre	0.25
19	Erosion Control Blanket (Ditch bank slope. MnDOT Cat. 10)	S.Y.	400

NRCS DESIGN CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

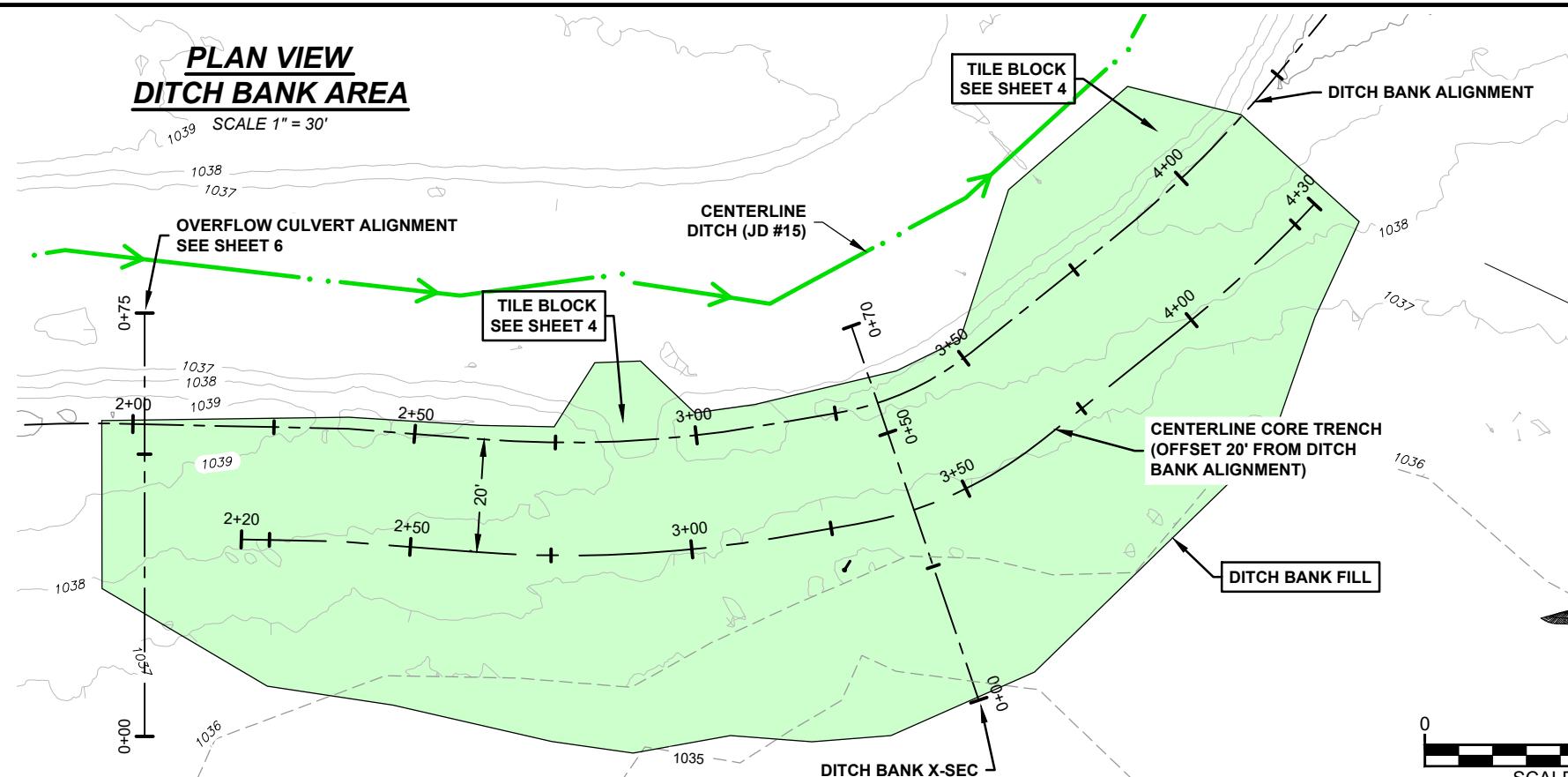
BY SIGNING THIS PLAN, I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS DESIGN HAS BEEN COMPLETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE NRCS STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS AND IS IN COMPLIANCE WITH PERMITS (NEM PART 505, SUBPART A).

ENGINEERING JOB CLASS :

REV#	DATE	REVISION DESCRIPTION	BY	HORZ DATUM: NAD83	SURVEY DATE: 12/9/24	DESIGN DATE: 2025
				VERT DATUM: NAVD88	SURVEYED BY: MA	DESIGNED BY: AP
				GEODETIC CONTROL REF: MNDOT DISK "	DRAWN BY: .	DRAWN BY: AP
				CONTROL EL.: .	CHECKED BY: .	CHECKED BY: .

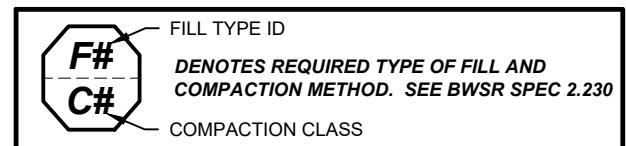
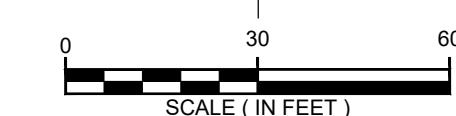
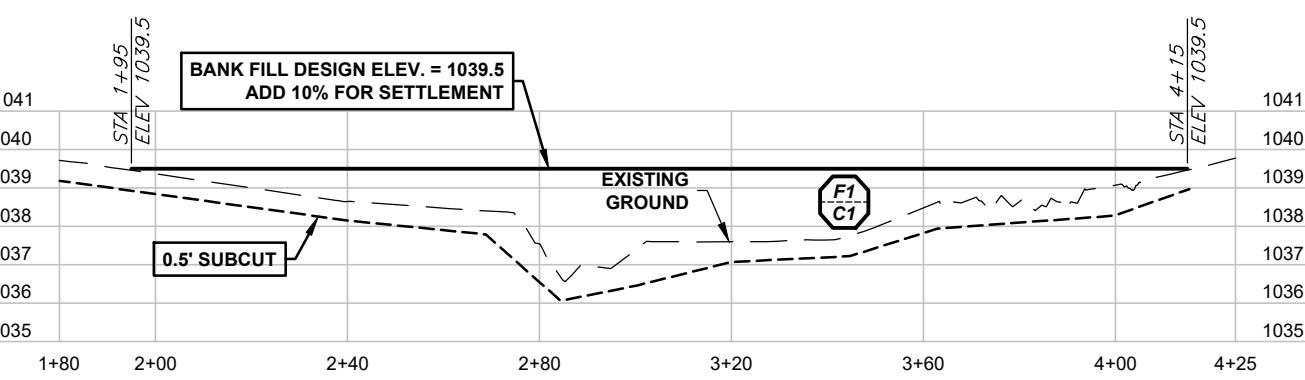


**PLAN VIEW
DITCH BANK AREA**



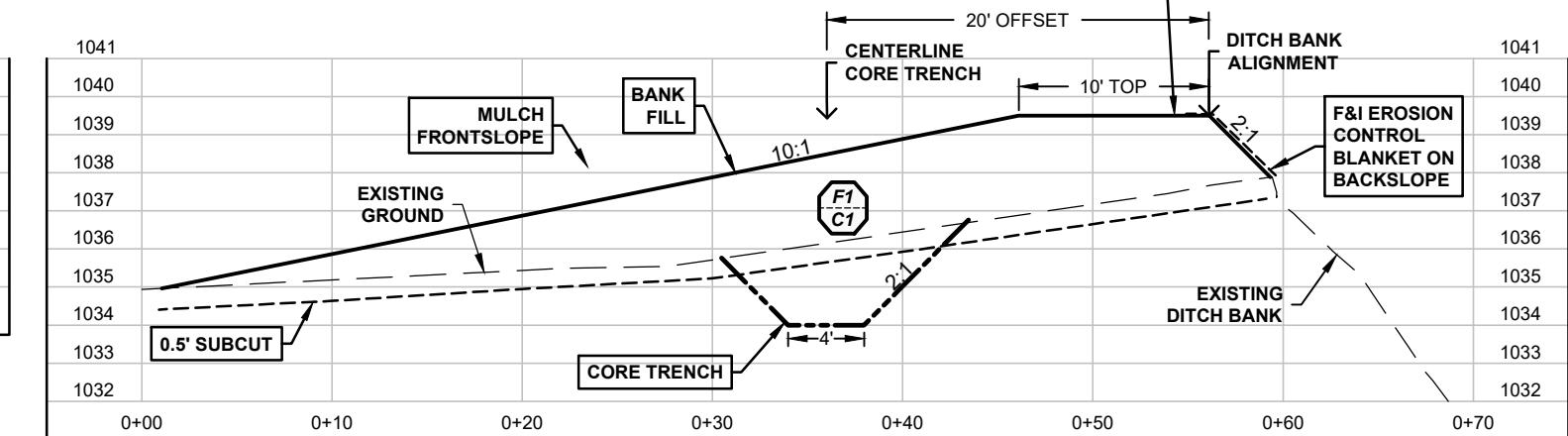
DITCH BANK PROFILE

SCALE 1" = 40'



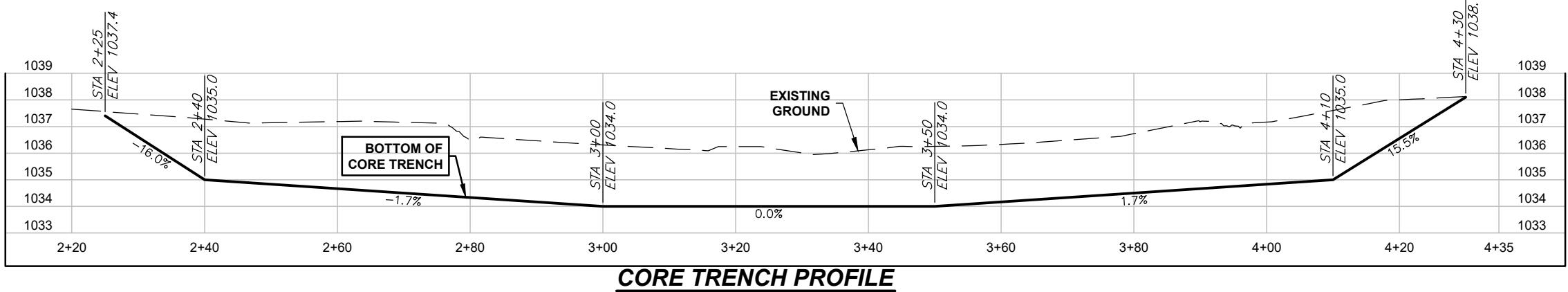
CONSTRUCTION NOTE:
INSTALL MNDOT CATEGORY 10 OR BETTER EROSION CONTROL BLANKET ON DISTURBED AREAS OF BACKSLOPE (DITCH SIDE) ONLY

EMBANKMENT DESIGN
TOP WIDTH = 10 FT
FRONTSLOPE = 10:1 (H:V)
BACKSLOPE = 2:1 (H:V)
SETTLEMENT = 10%



DITCH BANK X-SECTION

SCALE 1" = 10'



MAIERS, RENVILLE COUNTY
WETLAND ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

DITCH BANK

PROJECT #: 2008-063

SHEET NO.

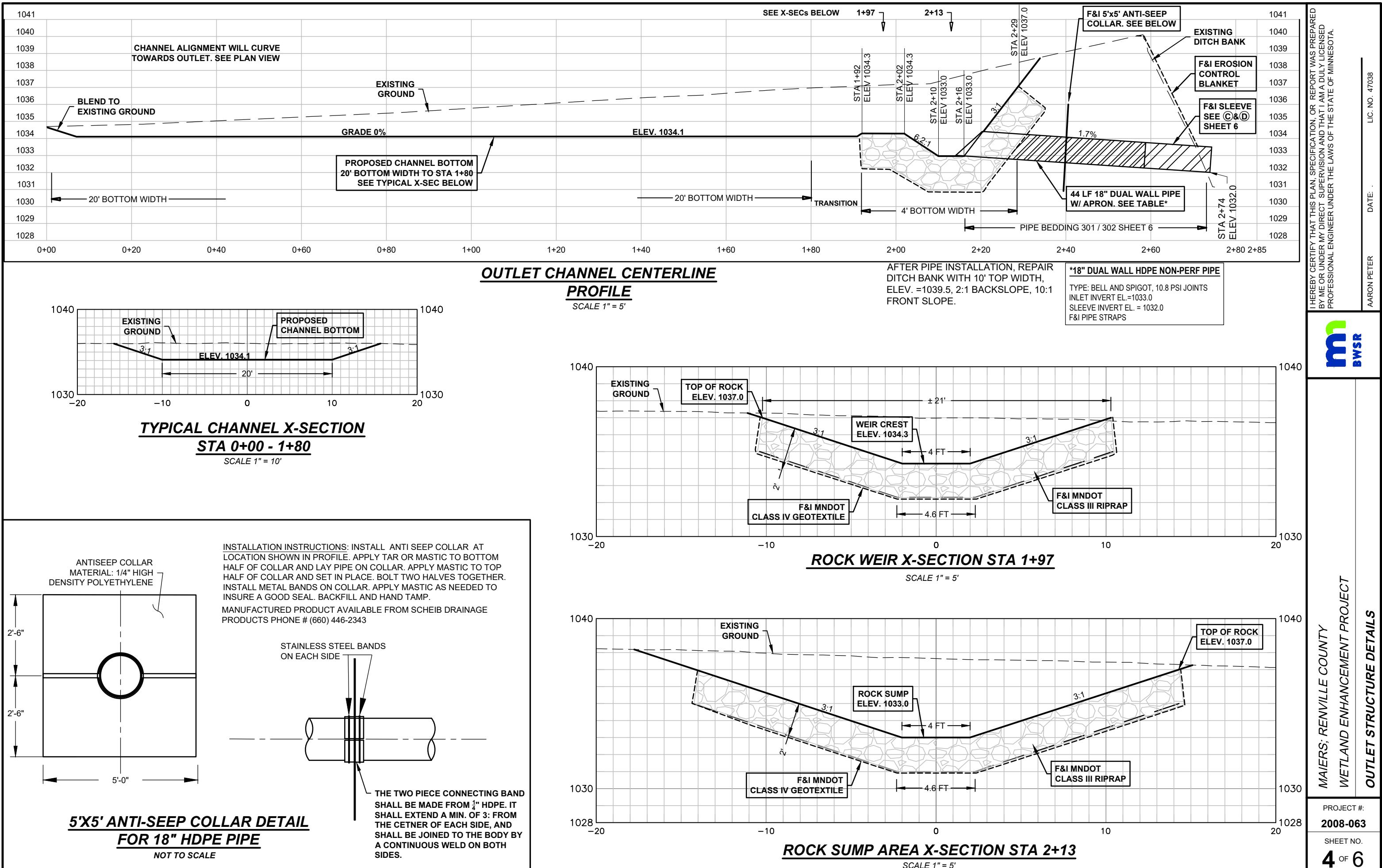
3 OF 6

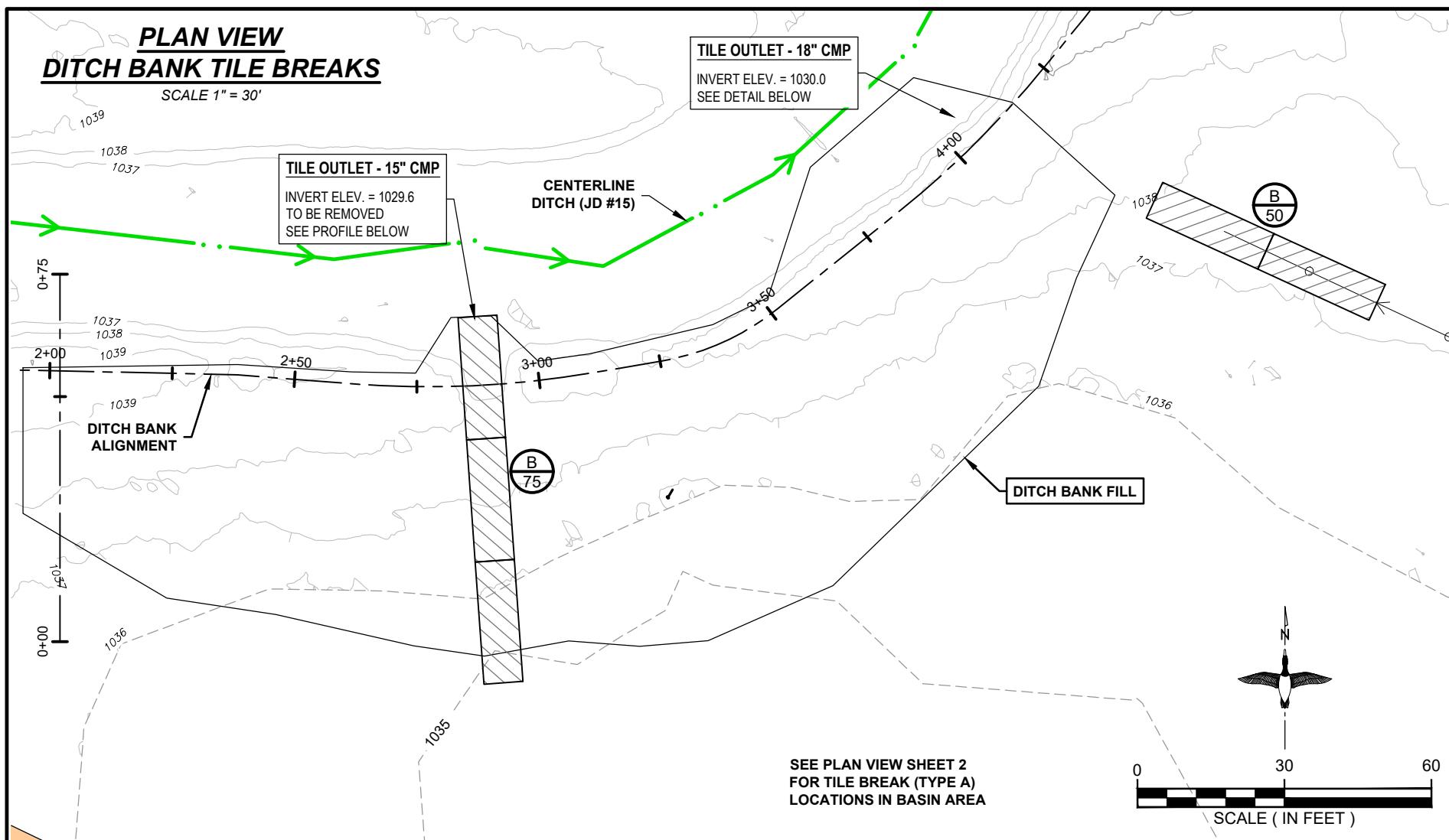
I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN, SPECIFICATION, OR REPORT WAS PREPARED BY ME OR UNDER MY DIRECT SUPERVISION AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA.

LIC. NO. 47038

AARON PETER







TILE BLOCK / REMOVAL TABLE

TILE BLOCK CONSTRUCTION TYPE	NO. OF BLOCKS REQUIRED	TOTAL LINEAR FEET OF TILE TO BE BLOCKED
A	2	100
B	2	125

DESIGN PLAN IDENTIFICATION

TILE BLOCK / REMOVAL LOCATION AND DESIGN WILL BE SPECIFIED ON PLAN VIEW WITH THIS REFERENCED CALL-OUT:

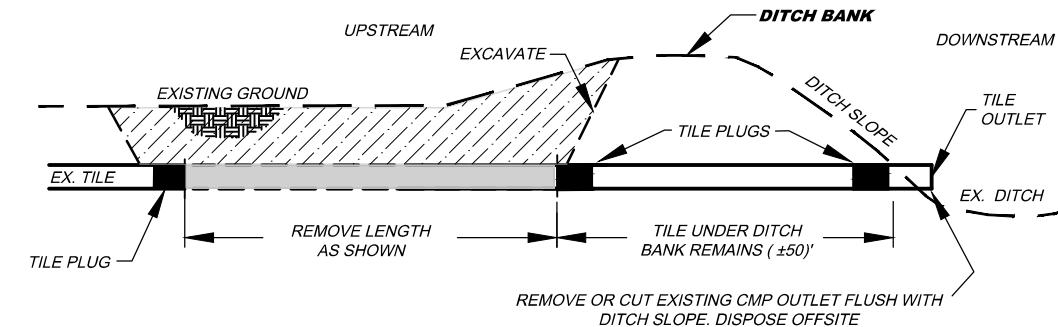
 = EXAMPLE: CONSTRUCT TYPE "A" REMOVAL TRENCH AND REMOVE / BLOCK 100 FEET OF EXISTING DRAIN TILE

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

SHOULD UNEXPECTED DRAIN TILE (NOT SHOWN ON PLAN DRAWINGS) BE DISCOVERED DURING CONSTRUCTION THE PROJECT ENGINEER SHALL BE CONTACTED FOR APPROPRIATE COURSE OF ACTION FOR THE TILE BLOCK.

TILE PLUGGING:

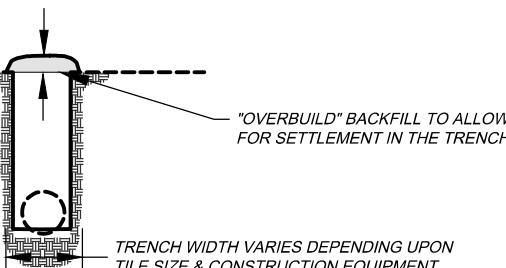
- THE WORK SHALL INCLUDE ALL LABOR, MATERIALS, AND EQUIPMENT REQUIRED TO COMPLETE THE PLUGGING OF ALL IDENTIFIED TILE DRAINAGE SYSTEMS.
- IDENTIFIED DRAINAGE TILE SHALL BE PLUGGED AS REQUIRED BY THE DRAWINGS, AS STAKED, OR AS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED BY THE ENGINEER.
- MEANS TO ACCESS THE TILE DRAINAGE SYSTEM TO CONSTRUCT APPROPRIATE PLUGS SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- CONSTRUCTED PLUGS SHALL BE MADE PERMANENT AND WATERTIGHT. METHODS TO PLUG THE TILE SYSTEM INCLUDE USING SAND SLURRY MIXES, CONCRETE GROUT, OR CERTAIN EXPANDING POLYURETHANE FOAMS. IF PLUGGING METHOD IS NOT SPECIFIED, THE METHOD PROPOSED REQUIRES ENGINEER'S APPROVAL.
- AREAS THAT ARE EXCAVATED TO ACCESS THE TILE SYSTEM SHALL BE CAREFULLY BACKFILLED AND COMPACTED IN LIFTS WITH SUITABLE SOIL MATERIAL. BACKFILL SHALL BE COMPACTED TO A DENSITY EQUAL TO SURROUNDING UNDISTURBED SOIL.



TILE REMOVAL TRENCH CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

TYPE A

PURPOSE: TYPE 'A' TILE REMOVAL TRENCH SHALL BE USED IN LOCATIONS WHERE COMPACTION IS NOT CRITICAL. THIS INCLUDES AREAS THAT WILL NOT HAVE CONCENTRATED FLOWS ACROSS THE SURFACE OF THE COMPLETED TILE BLOCK.



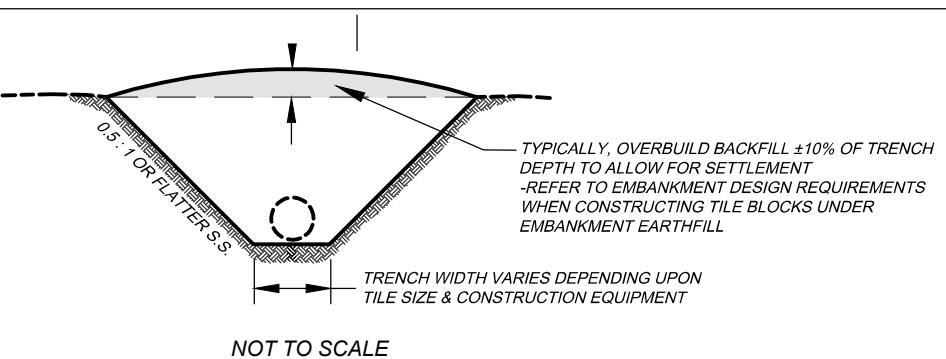
AT LOCATION OF TILE BLOCKS, A SLOPED OR BENCHED TRENCH EXCAVATION MAY ME NECESSARY TO SAFELY PLUG TILE.

THE TRENCH SHALL BE BACKFILLED USING PREVIOUSLY EXCAVATED SOILS

BACKFILL AND COMPACT IN 12 INCH LIFTS USING BUCKET COMPACTION OR OTHER SUITABLE METHODS, AS ALLOWED.

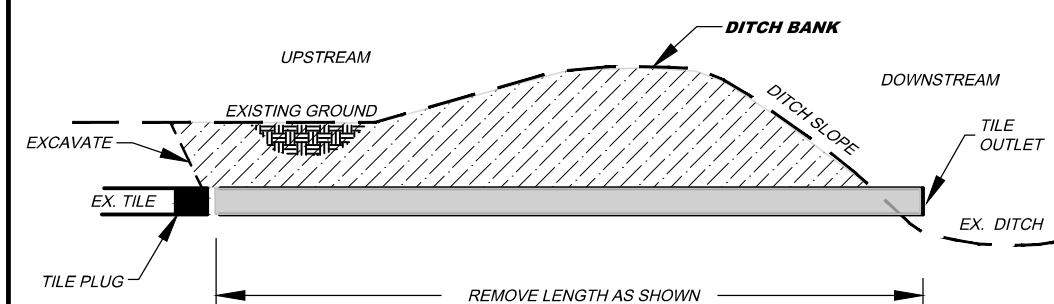
TYPE B

PURPOSE: TYPE 'B' TILE REMOVAL TRENCH SHALL BE USED IN LOCATIONS WHERE COMPACTION IS CRITICAL. THIS INCLUDES UNDER CONSTRUCTED EARTHILLS/EMBANKMENTS, AREAS WHERE SURFACE FLOWS MAY OCCUR ACROSS SURFACE OF COMPLETED TILE BLOCK (EXAMPLE: SPILLWAYS) OR OTHER AREAS WHERE EXCESS TRENCH SETTLEMENT IS OF CONCERN.



- THE TRENCH SHALL BE BACKFILLED WITH THE MOST SUITABLE MATERIAL AVAILABLE IN LIFTS NOT TO EXCEED 12 INCHES BEFORE COMPACTION. COMPACT EACH LIFT TO A DENSITY EQUAL TO THAT OF THE SURROUNDING UNDISTURBED SOIL. TO ACHIEVE THE REQUIRED COMPACTION DENSITY, COMPACT SOIL IN LIFTS UP TO THE ORIGINAL GROUND SURFACE USING A JUMPING JACK, SHEEPSFOOT ROLLER OR SIMILAR MECHANICAL COMPACTION EQUIPMENT (BUCKET TAMPING WILL NOT BE ALLOWED).
- THE SMALL AMOUNT OF ADDITIONAL MATERIAL NEEDED FOR REQUIRED OVERBUILD CAN BE LIGHTLY COMPACTED WITH TRACKED EQUIPMENT TO ENABLE SUITABLE VEGETATION ESTABLISHMENT.

18" OUTLET TILE BOCK AND REMOVAL DETAIL



15" TILE REMOVAL PROFILE

**MAIERS; RENVILLE COUNTY
WETLAND ENHANCEMENT PROJECT**

PROJECT #:
2008-063

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BEDDING DETAILS 301 AND 302

PURPOSE: FOR THE INSTALLATION OF **CORRUGATED OUTER WALL PIPE** REQUIRING COMPACTED FINE GRAINED SOILS AS BACKFILL FOR SEEPAGE CONTROL.

- PRIOR TO SETTING PIPE, PLACE 1"-3", COMMENSURATE WITH DEPTH OF CORRUGATIONS, OF LOOSE FRIABLE APPROVED SOILS (SEE BELOW) IN THE TRENCH BOTTOM TO ALLOW FILLING OF BOTTOM VALLEYS OF THE PIPE AND TO ENSURE NO VOIDS EXIST WITHIN BEDDING ENVELOPE.
- CAREFULLY LOAD THE PIPE PRIOR TO COMPLETELY BACKFILLING AND COMPACTING APPROVED SOILS (SEE BELOW) UNDER THE LOWER HALF OF THE PIPE. SPECIAL CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO FIRST KNIFE IN, COMPLETELY FILL AND COMPACT UNDER THE LOWER HALF OF THE PIPE WITH APPROVED INITIAL BACKFILL MATERIAL.
- THE BEDDING AND INITIAL BACKFILL SHALL CONSIST OF APPROVED SOILS FOR BACKFILL (SEE BELOW) PLACED IN 3"-4" LIFTS AND COMPACTED USING MANUALLY DIRECTED POWER TAMPERS OR EQUIVALENT FOR A DEPTH OF AT LEAST 24" ABOVE THE TOP OF THE PIPE.
- ALL PIPE INSTALLATIONS THROUGH OR UNDER EMBANKMENTS/BERMS SHALL HAVE SOILS IN THIS ZONE BACKFILLED AND COMPACTED PER THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE EMBANKMENT/BERM. TO ACCOMMODATE COMPACTION EQUIPMENT AND ACHIEVE NECESSARY COMPACTION DENSITIES, TRENCH SIDE SLOPES IN THIS ZONE SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 1:1.

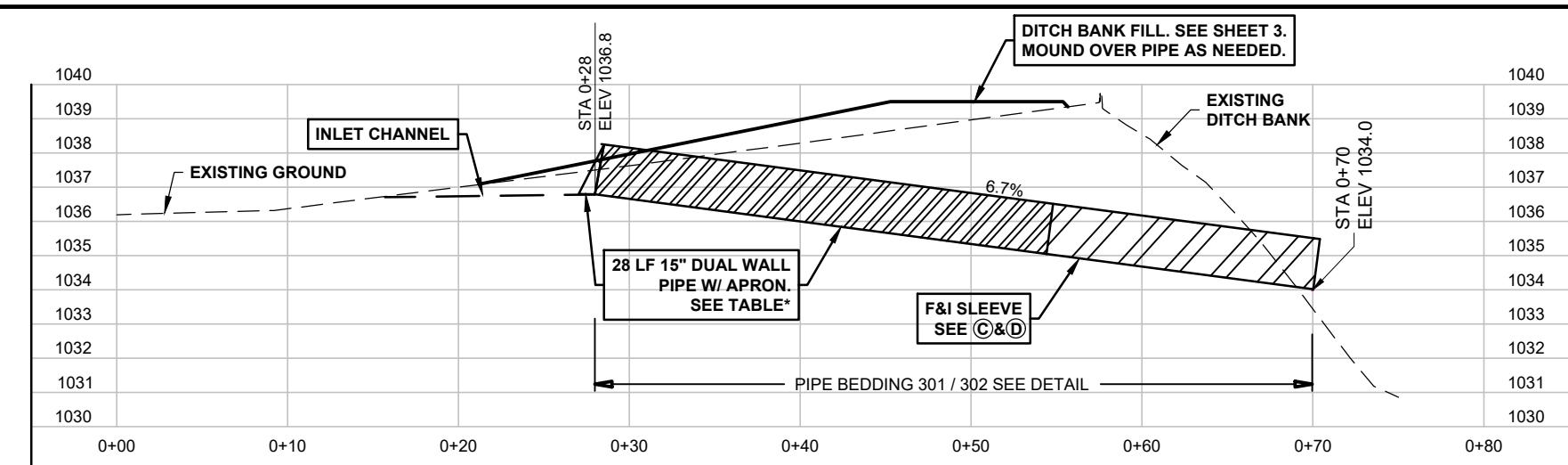
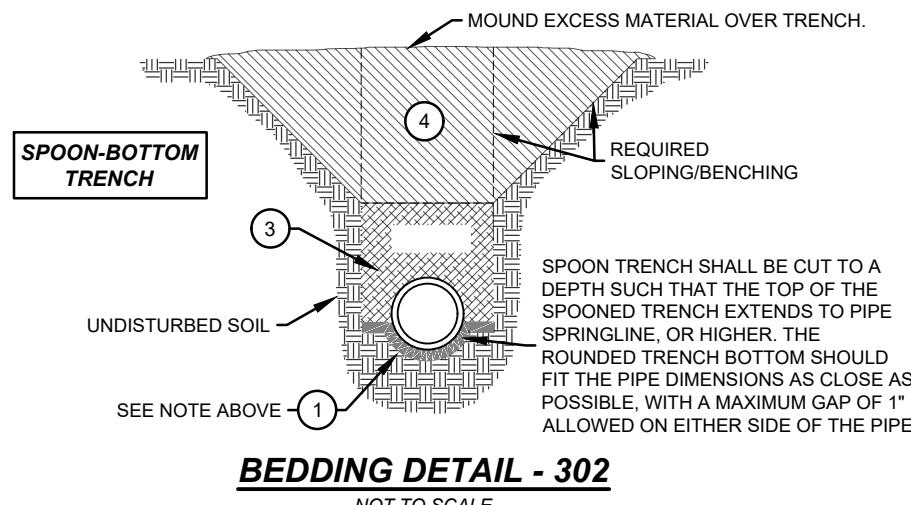
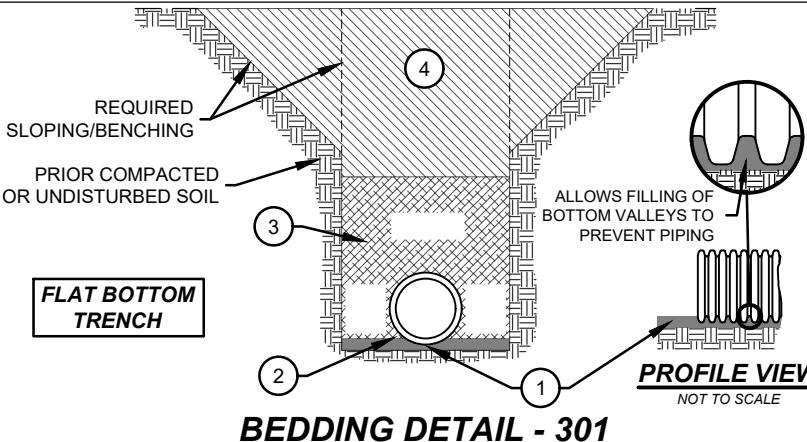
FOR ALL OTHER INSTALLATIONS, BACKFILL AND COMPACT SOILS IN THIS ZONE PER THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE PLAN, WHEN SPECIFIED. IF NOT SPECIFIED, BACKFILL WITH EXCAVATED TRENCH MATERIAL, IF SUITABLE, AND MODERATELY COMPACT TO AVOID EXCESSIVE SETTLEMENT.

APPROVED MATERIALS FOR BEDDING AND INITIAL BACKFILL

UNLESS OTHERWISE IDENTIFIED/SHOWN IN THESE DRAWINGS, THE APPROVED SOILS TYPES FOR BACKFILL SHALL BE AS SHOWN BELOW.

SOIL CLASSIFICATION			SOIL DESCRIPTION		
ASTM D2321	SIDD SOIL	AASHTO M 145	ASTM D2487	GM, GC SM, SC ML, CL	SILTY OR CLAYEY GRAVELS, GRAVELS/SAND/SILT OR GRAVELS AND/CLAY MIXTURES, SILTY OR CLAYEY SANDS, SAND, CLAY OR SAND/SILT MIXTURES.
Class III	Category 2	A-2-4, A-2-5, A-2-6, OR A-4 OR 1-6 SOILS WITH MORE THAN 30% RETAINED ON #200 SIEVE			
Class IVA*	Category 3	A-2-7 OR A-4 OR A-6 SOILS WITH 30% OR LESS RETAINED ON #200 SIEVE	ML CL	INORGANIC SILTS AND LOW TO MEDIUM PLASTICITY CLAYS; GRAVELLY, SANDY, OR SILTY CLAYS; SOME FINE SANDS.	

*CLASS IVA SOILS SHALL ONLY BE PERMITTED IF COVER DEPTH DOES NOT EXCEED 8 FT.



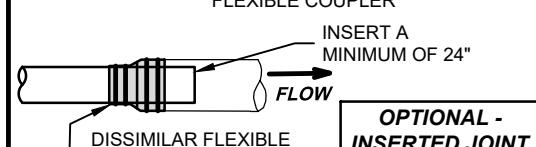
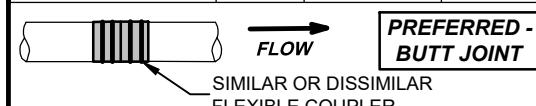
OVERFLOW CULVERT PROFILE

SCALE 1" = 10'

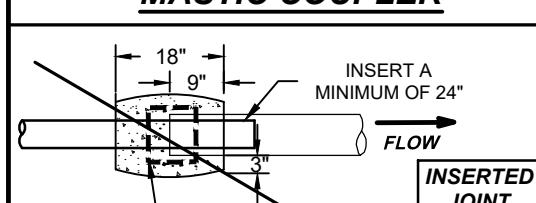
***15" DUAL WALL HDPE NON-PERF PIPE**
TYPE: BELL AND SPIGOT, 10.8 PSI JOINTS
INLET INVERT EL.=1036.8
SLEEVE INVERT EL. = 1034.0
F&I PIPE STRAPS

C PIPE JOINT DETAILS

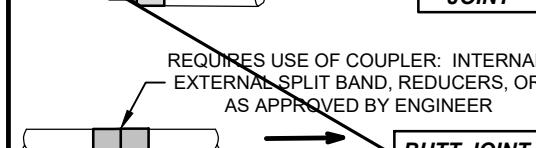
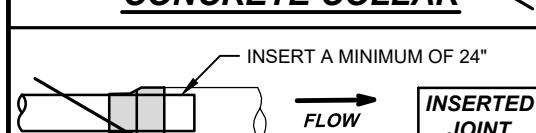
SIZE OF LARGEST PIPE AT JOINT (INCHES)	ALLOWED JOINT TYPE		
	TILE TAPE	CONCRETE	MASTIC
8" & SMALLER	✓	✓	✓
10" TO 12"		✓	✓
LARGER THAN 12"			✓



MASTIC COUPLER



CONCRETE COLLAR



TILE TAPE



D CMP SLEEVE DETAILS

CMP SLEEVE SIZE (INCHES)	MINIMUM LENGTH (FEET)
8" & SMALLER	10
10" TO 12"	12
15" TO 18"	16
LARGER THAN 18"	20

CORRUGATED METAL PIPE (CMP) SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 16 GAUGE GALVANIZED PIPE. OTHER COATINGS AS APPROVED BY ENGINEER

CONTRACTOR TO DETERMINE CMP SLEEVE DIAMETER FROM JOINT TYPE SELECTED

EITHER ANNULAR OR HELICAL PIPE IS ACCEPTABLE. FIELD CUTTING OF HELICAL PIPE WILL NOT BE ALLOWED

REFER TO SPECIFICATION 2.310 - CORRUGATED METAL PIPE

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN, SPECIFICATION, OR REPORT WAS PREPARED BY ME OR UNDER MY DIRECT SUPERVISION AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA.

LIC. NO. 47038
AARON PETER DATE: .

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BEDDING AND CULVERT DETAILS

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